

F. J. WOOD, PRESIDENT
L. M. ALEXANDER, VICE PRESIDENT

GUY O. BABCOCK, CASHIER
B. PHILLIPS, ASST. CASHIER

4639

WOOD COUNTY NATIONAL BANK

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS \$200,000.00
GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN

To The Citizens of Grand Rapids,
Wood County and Vicinity.

Our new Bank Building is about completed and we earnestly desire to give all, who care to, an opportunity to visit and inspect the new building and its equipment. For three days, Saturday, May 21st, (all day) and the following Monday and Tuesday, afternoon and evening, the building will be open to visitors and we take this opportunity and method of extending a most cordial invitation to every one to call upon us in our new banking rooms.

Officers of the bank will be there to receive and show you through the building, explaining its equipment and conveniences, and we will consider it a pleasure to have you call. Come and see us.

Yours very truly,

Wood County National Bank,

F. J. Wood, President.

ONE CENT A WORD

FOR RENT 7 room house next to Tellico office. City water, cellar and sewer. Inquire at this office.

HOUSE FOR SALE. Inquire of Peter Schmitt, 312 1/2 Ave., S. E.

FOR SALE—Some shuffling, bangers, mules and counter shafts in good condition. Can be bought cheap. Call at Tribune office.

WANTED Cabinet makers and good wood men, steady work and good wages in new shop. Write quick telling us what you can do. Onelle-Dickson Co., Duluth, Minn.

WANTED To work in yard and wood room, Port Edwards, Wisconsin. Steady job. Nekosha-Edwards Paper Company.

FOR RENT The Bales farm near Holland Packing Plant. Will rent house and garden and pasture or will rent whole farm. Inquire of C. E. Boles.

FOUND A gold open face watch on the west side on Tuesday forenoon. August Krasko, 17 1/2 Ave., South E.

FOR SALE—House and lot on Hale and 12 houses on Chase street. Will be sold cheap if taken at once. Mrs. Annie Bankert, 2 1/2 Ave., South E.

WANTED A boy to learn the printer's trade. Must have good education, not under sixteen years of age and live in the city. A good chance for the right boy.

FOR SALE Second hand baby carriage. Call at 61 Grand Avenue.

FOR SALE A modern 6 room house, 1016 Garden St. Inquire of Mrs. B. S. Lutz, phone 118.

Notice.

The Salvation Army, Lieut. Bernt Knutson, who has been here in this city, soliciting funds for the opening of our work, will hold his last meeting Wednesday at 8 p. m. and will go elsewhere to help with the great Salvation work. Everybody is invited to his farewell service. No admission charged.

FIRE THOUGHT TO BE INCENDIARY.

From the first it was suspected that the fire that destroyed a large portion of the village of Mosinee on Tuesday, May 10, was incendiary. Subsequent developments confirmed these suspicions and culminated on Saturday in the arrest of Charles Blake, a well known logging contractor of Mosinee, who is accused of having set fire to his barn, starting a blaze that eventually destroyed upwards of \$70,000 worth of property. The arrest was made at the instigation of Deputy State Fire Marshal W. E. Pluegan of Green Bay, and J. E. Florin, an attorney in the state fire marshal's office at Madison, who have been spending a few days in Mosinee, investigating the facts in relation to the fire.

DON'T

Throw away your old carpets. We make them into Beautiful, Artistic

RUGS

We make rugs from worn-out fur and old carpets. Any color, size, quality and style are the best. We make any size desired from one-half to four yards wide, any length. We are very reasonable and workmanship is guaranteed for shipping, etc. WE PAY THE FREIGHT. No extra charge for fringe.

BARABOO RUG COMPANY, (Dept. 8) BARABOO, WIS.

Est. 1886 "Work guaranteed-back us up"

A SMALL FIRE BUT A BIG DAMAGE.

There was a small fire in the basement of the Johnson & Hill dry goods store on Thursday which was not much of a fire, but which caused considerable damage.

The fire started from some papers that were in one of the windows of the basement at the back of the store, being communicated from a fire that was burning in the back yard. When the fire department arrived the fire had gained enough headway so that the basement was full of smoke, and it was impossible for the firemen to work there more than a few minutes at a time.

It was also impossible to get at the fire directly, and the consequence was that it was necessary to use considerable more water than would have been the case otherwise, and a large part of the stock in the basement was practically ruined.

The first floor was also filled with smoke, although it was not necessary to use any water there, and some damage was done.

Not Delivering the Goods.

Halley's comet, which has probably received more free advertising during the past few months than any attraction that has ever come this way, seems to be more or less of a fake. Not but what there is a comet, all right, but it is not as large, and as grand and as magnificent as it has been represented to be by the press agents and others who have been managing the publicity end of the show.

Many have gotten up early in the morning to see the comet, and others have stayed up all night, with the same end in view, with the result that they failed to see anything or else that it was cloudy, or something else was the matter. One man who actually saw it says that it did not amount to much, anyhow.

A couple of months ago, after we had gotten all excited over the stories of Halley's comet, there was a nice little comet appeared in the western sky. It was a small comet, and it appeared there all of a sudden with its tail sticking straight up in the air like a search light, and was quite a sight, and at first was supposed by many whose early education in astronomy had been neglected, to be Halley's comet. However, we were assured that this was only a mere imitation, not to waste our valuable time looking at a little third-rate comet like this when Halley's, the only sure reliable comet, was due to appear in a short while, and eclipsed all the other splendors of the heavens by its magnificence.

Those who have viewed Halley's comet say it is not in it with the little one that was with us early in the spring, so it seems that even an astronomer can be mistaken.

Today is the day on which we are supposed to pass thru the tail of Halley's comet, and some persons have predicted that when it wipes us with its tail that all living things will be wiped off the face of the earth. Others deny that anything disastrous will happen. However, if we pull thru until tomorrow there is some hope for us, but if we do not, it is entirely probable that something will happen.

Blueberry Prospects.

Black River Falls Journal.—The Winnebago Indians, who claim to be experts in prognosticating the blueberry crop, assert that the berry bushes were not so badly injured by the recent winter weather experience as has been claimed by some. They state the warm weather of March had not pushed the berries far enough ahead of the ordinary condition at this season of the year so that the freeze could do much harm. They claim present indications are for a good crop, and unless something happens to prevent between now and July there will be no danger of a blueberry famine. One great trouble with the blueberry crop in recent years has been the diminishing number of the pickers. The Indians do not engage in picking in as large numbers as they did in former years, and the white people devote their time to cultivated berries to a larger extent. The time may come when the man with a blueberry appetite may have to huddle out on the bluff himself to appease his pie hunger.

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Schroeder-Kroll.

Miss Mattie Schroeder and Edward Kroll, both of this city, were married on Monday evening at the home of the bride's parents, Rev. Fred Staff performing the ceremony.

Miss Dora Benson was bridesmaid and Frank Schroeder acted as groomsmen. Only the members of the family were present.

The young couple left the same evening on a short wedding tour, and upon their return will make their home in this city. The Tribune wishes with their many friends in extending congratulations.

To Initiate Big Class.

The east side Foresters are making preparations to take a big class into their lodge Monday, May 23. It is expected that the class will contain about fifty. The work will be done in the Eagles Hall, and a banquet will take place in the amusement hall, after which there will be dancing.

Firemen Will Give Big Ball.

At the monthly meeting of the west side firemen on Tuesday night it was voted to give a grand fireman's ball on July 4th at the Amusement Hall. It was also decided to order a set of new uniforms for the firemen and hereafter every member will have to wear his uniform to all meetings.

Nekosha Men Discharged.

Wm. Stellmacher and August Biskay, who worked up before the circuit court on a charge of attempted murder, were acquitted of the charge on Thursday, the state having failed to make out a case against the prisoners. The two were charged with being mixed up in the stabbing affray that occurred at Nekosha one Saturday night after a dance.

Decided for the Plaintiff.

In circuit court Monday the jury in the case of the Oshkosh Fuel Co. vs. Edward J. Stack of Milladore, was decided in favor of the plaintiffs by the jury awarding them the sum of \$444.72. The suit was over some claims which the defendant had contracted to deliver to the plaintiff, but had failed to do so.

Miss Harriet Armstrong spent Sunday with her parents in Neeshah.

Odd Fellows Buy Land.

The Odd Fellows have purchased a 30 foot lot from H. Wippmann facing on Second street, it being the property now occupied by Ed. Paul. It is the intention to erect a two story building on the property which will be used by the lodge for a home. The location is a most excellent one.

USE OF MACHINERY ADDS TO SPEED.

On Saturday the Johnson & Hill company got a dredge on the ground where they are engaged in excavating for the construction of an amusement hall, for their new building, and some which will be erected on the north side of Mosinee Creek near Nekosha.

The dredge now comes into consideration as a piece of this kind and dumps it directly into the wagon. The dredge floor in the place will be which are driven near enough so that they cost, making it large enough the arm of the dredge swings over to a loaded party.

The work of excavating a place where Mosinee creek with a rustic 18x12 and 11 feet deep means the dredge making a pond and possible removal of 10,000 cubic feet of earth grounds there. It is expected that about 21,173 wagon loads at the time will be found necessary there on rate of one yard to the load, so that it may last and during once or twice the work, by the ordinary method, work, making a place where to build meant quite a prolonged job. Since they desire to have the ground level the dredge commenced work there and excavation. It is expected has been an interested crowd of that the place will be ready for use spectators watching operations at all by the first of July, as work will commence on the structure at once.

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WILL BUILD AN AMUSEMENT HALL.

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There is a reason for
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ALASKAN MEASURE IS LIKELY TO FAIL

Bill Creating a Legislative Council Meeting Strong Opposition.

ECHOES OF SCANDALS HEARD

Promoters of World Peace Expect Roosevelt to Head Proposed Commission—Effect on National Politics of Hughes' Appointment to Supreme Bench.

Washington—While there are renewed evidences that at least four of President Taft's urgent recommendations to congress will be given the force of law, there is still grave doubt about the passage of the measure giving authority to Alaskan and New Mexico, and the other measures which will change the form of government in Alaska.

Senator Beveridge, on behalf of the senate committee on territories, has reported favorably a bill "to create a legislative council in the district of Alaska, to confer legislative powers thereon and for other purposes." A similar measure is at present under discussion in the house committee on territories, of which Representative Edward L. Hamilton of Michigan is chairman. The administration wants this measure to become a law, but it seems likely that unless public opinion, which is slow to be aroused in matters connected with the territories, no matter how vital to the public service they may be, is brought to bear on behalf of the measure, congress may put it into the postponement bag.

"Land of Suspicion." Alaska has been called "the Land of Suspicion" because suspicion has attached to the action and methods of men and corporations who have undertaken to exploit its great mineral resources. The feeling that it is not right with Alaska probably has had something to do with the comparatively slow progress of the administration's measure in reaching its present stage. The bill changes the form of the territory's government and because it does not provide specifically for the election by the people of a representative house it has met with much opposition.

The administration feels and its feeling is shared by a good many men who know Alaskan conditions, that the present bill, which provides for an appointive council, represents the best form of legislation for the territory under existing conditions. The opposition, however, presents many strong arguments.

The administration bill provides for the appointment of a governor and a council of nine members, four of whom are to be appointed by the president for a term of years, and with the advice and consent of the senate, shall constitute a legislative council, the eight members last above provided for shall be when appointed bona fide and qualified voters of the territory, two in each of the four judicial divisions into which the district is now divided.

For Peace Commission. American friends of peace among the nations of the earth are more inclined than ever to believe that Theodore Roosevelt, on his return to this country will interest himself in the movement to bring about gradual disarmament of the nations. The colonel talked peace privately to the emperor of Austria, and his speech at Christiana has in it the essence of the Scriptural text about turning the spear into the pruning hook.

A plan is being formulated in this country by men like Andrew Carnegie, Joseph H. Choate and Representative Bartholdt to have a peace commission appointed by President Taft with Theodore Roosevelt at its head. Mr. Carnegie and Mr. Bartholdt, their friends say, believe that the colonel will lend himself readily to the plan, and if congress gives sanction to the resolution which is now before it and the president approves, it is said to be extremely likely that before many months have passed a powerful peace commission will be in existence with the Rough Rider colonel at its head.

Dr. Bartholdt is a representative in congress from St. Louis and he has introduced into the house a joint resolution "to authorize the appointment of a commission to draft articles of international federation and for other purposes." The St. Louis representative knew the time to strike.

Dr. Bartholdt's Plan. In one of the whereas clauses of the resolution it is said that the United States ought to give public expression to a form of articles of international federation which may be recommended to other governments as a fitting instrument to ameliorate harsh conditions now suffered by multitudes and to do away with the ever-present fear of war. Then the resolution asks that a commission of five members be appointed by the president with duties as follows:

First.—To urge upon the attention of other governments the fact that relief from the heavy burden of military expenditures and from the dangers of war it has been obtained by the establishment of an international federation.

Second.—To report to congress, as soon as practicable, a draft of articles of a federation limited to the main

ROOSEVELT GIVES NOBEL LECTURE

As Recipient of Peace Prize He Talks in Christiania.

ENDING OF WARS HIS TOPIC

Treaties of Arbitration, Development of Hague Tribunal and Check on Growth of Armaments Urged by the Ex-President.

Christiania, Col. Theodore Roosevelt, former president of the United States, lectured on "International Peace" Thursday, May 3, before the Nobel prize committee which awarded him the peace prize for his successful efforts in ending the war between Russia and Japan. The great hall where the lecture was delivered was filled to the doors, many distinguished persons being in the audience, and Colonel Roosevelt's words were heartily applauded. His lecture follows:

Need of Industrial Peace. It is with peculiar pleasure that I stand here today to express the deep appreciation I feel of the high honor conferred upon me by the presentation of the Nobel peace prize. The gold medal which formed part of the prize I shall always keep, and I shall hand it on to my children as a precious heirloom. The sum of money provided as part of the prize by the wise generosity of the illustrious founder of this world-famous prize system, I did not, under the peculiar circumstances of the case, feel at liberty to keep. I think I can do so properly that in most cases the recipient of the prize should keep for his own use the prize in its entirety. But in this case, while I did not feel officially as president of the United States, I was nevertheless only because I was president that I was enabled to act at all; and I felt that the money must be considered as having been given me in trust for the United States. I therefore used it as a nucleus for a foundation to forward the cause of industrial peace, as being well within the general purpose of your committee; for in our complex industrial civilization of today the peace of righteousness and justice, the only kind of peace worth having, is at least as necessary to the industrial world as it is to the nations. There is at least as much need to curb the cruel greed and arrogance of part of the world of capital, to curb the cruel greed and violence of part of the world of labor, as to check a cruel and unrelenting militarism in international relations.

When Peace May Be Evill. We must ever bear in mind that the great end in view is righteousness, justice as between man and man, nation and nation, the chance to lead our lives on a somewhat higher level, with a broader spirit of brotherly good will one for another. Peace is generally good in itself, but it is never the highest good unless it comes as the handmaid of righteousness; and it becomes a very evil thing if it serves merely as a mask for cowardice, for sloth, or as an instrument to further the ends of despotism or anarchy. We despise and abhor the bully, the braver, the oppressor, whether in private or public life; but we despise no less the coward and the voluptuary. No man is worth calling a man who will not fight rather than submit to injury or see those that are dear to him suffer wrong. No nation deserves to exist if it permits itself to lose the stern and virile virtues; and this without regard to whether the loss is due to the growth of luxury, to prolonged indulgence in luxury and soft effortless ease, or to the defection of a warped and twisted sentimentality.

Moreover, and above all, let us remember that words count only when they give expression to deeds or are to be translated into them. The leaders of the Red Terror practiced of peace while they steeped their hands in the blood of the innocent; and many a tyrant has called it peace when he has scourged his subjects into silence. Our words must be judged by our deeds; and in striving for a lofty ideal we must use practical methods; and if we cannot attain all at one leap, we must advance towards it step by step, reasonably content so long as we do actually make some progress in the right direction.

Now, having freely admitted the limitations to our work, and the qualifications to be borne in mind, I feel that I have the right to say a few words taken seriously when I point out where, in my judgment, great advance can be made in the cause of international peace. I speak as a practical man, and whatever I now advance I actually tried to do when I was for the time being the head of a great nation, and keenly jealous of its honor and interest. I ask other nations to do only what I should be glad to see my own nation do.

Treaties of Arbitration. The advance can be made along several lines. First of all there can be treaties of arbitration. They are of course, states so backward that a civilized community ought not to enter into an arbitration treaty with them, at least until we have gone much further than at present in securing some kind of international police action. But all really civilized

communities should have effective treaties of arbitration. I believe that these treaties can cover almost all questions liable to arise between such nations, if they are drawn with the explicit agreement that each contracting party shall respect each other's territory and absolute sovereignty within that territory, and the equally explicit agreement that (aside from the very rare cases where the nation's honor is vitally concerned) all other possible subjects of controversy will be submitted to arbitration. Such a treaty should insure peace until one party deliberately violated it. Of course, as yet there is no adequate safeguard against such deliberate violation, but the establishment of a judicial tribunal, which would go a long way towards creating a world opinion which would find expression in the provision of methods to forbid or punish any such violation.

Work of Hague Tribunal. Secondly, there is the further development of the Hague tribunal, of the work of the congresses and courts at The Hague. It had been said that the first Hague conference framed a Magna Carta for the nations; it set before us an ideal which has already to some extent been realized, and towards the full realization of which we can all steadily strive. The second conference made further progress; the third should do yet more. Meanwhile the American government has more than once tentatively suggested methods for constituting the court of arbitral justice, constituted at the second Hague conference, and for rendering it effective. It is earnestly to be hoped that the various governments of Europe, working with those of America and of Asia, shall set themselves seriously to the task of devising some method which shall accomplish this result. If I may venture the suggestion, it would be well for the statesmen of the world, in planning for the creation of this world court, to study what has been done in the United States by the Supreme court. I cannot help thinking that the Constitution of the United States, notably in the establishment of the Supreme court and in the methods adopted for securing peace and good relations among and between the different states, offers certain valuable analogies to what should be striven for in order to secure, through the League courts and conference, a similar of world federation for international peace and justice. There are, of course, fundamental differences between what the United States Constitution does and what we should ever attempt at this time to secure at The Hague; but the methods adopted in the American Constitution to prevent hostilities between the states, and to secure the supremacy of the federal court in certain classes of cases, are well worth the study of those who seek at The Hague to attain the same result on a world scale.

Undue Growth of Armaments. In the third place, something should be done as soon as possible to check the growth of armaments, especially naval armaments, by international agreement. No one power could or should try to limit its armaments by itself; for it is completely undesirable from the standpoint of the peace of righteousness, that a power which really does believe in peace should place itself at the mercy of some rival which may at bottom have no such belief and no intention of acting on it. But, granted sincerity of purpose, the great powers of the world should find no insurmountable difficulty in reaching an agreement which would put an end to the present costly and growing extravagance of expenditure on naval armaments. An agreement merely to limit the size of the ships would have been very useful a few years ago, and would still be of use; but the agreement should go much further.

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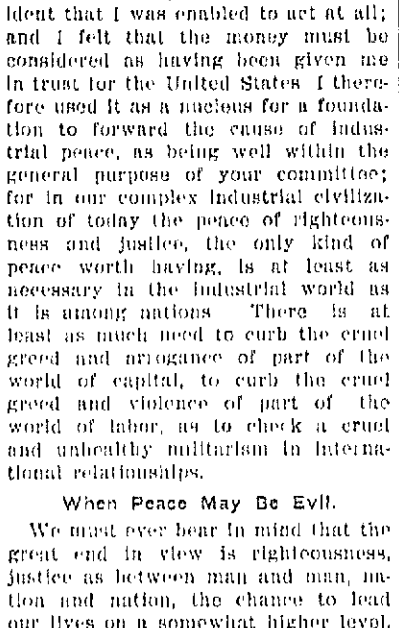
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Dr. Bartholdt is a representative in congress from St. Louis and he has introduced into the house a joint resolution "to authorize the appointment of a commission to draft articles of international federation and for other purposes." The St. Louis representative knew the time to strike.

Dr. Bartholdt's Plan. In one of the whereas clauses of the resolution it is said that the United States ought to give public expression to a form of articles of international federation which may be recommended to other governments as a fitting instrument to ameliorate harsh conditions now suffered by multitudes and to do away with the ever-present fear of war. Then the resolution asks that a commission of five members be appointed by the president with duties as follows:

First.—To urge upon the attention of other governments the fact that relief from the heavy burden of military expenditures and from the dangers of war it has been obtained by the establishment of an international federation.

Second.—To report to congress, as soon as practicable, a draft of articles of a federation limited to the main

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ENDING OF WARS HIS TOPIC

Treaties of Arbitration, Development of Hague Tribunal and Check on Growth of Armaments Urged by the Ex-President.

Christiania, Col. Theodore Roosevelt, former president of the United States, lectured on "International Peace" Thursday, May 3, before the Nobel prize committee which awarded him the peace prize for his successful efforts in ending the war between Russia and Japan. The great hall where the lecture was delivered was filled to the doors, many distinguished persons being in the audience, and Colonel Roosevelt's words were heartily applauded. His lecture follows:

Need of Industrial Peace. It is with peculiar pleasure that I stand here today to express the deep appreciation I feel of the high honor conferred upon me by the presentation of the Nobel peace prize. The gold medal which formed part of the prize I shall always keep, and I shall hand it on to my children as a precious heirloom. The sum of money provided as part of the prize by the wise generosity of the illustrious founder of this world-famous prize system, I did not, under the peculiar circumstances of the case, feel at liberty to keep. I think I can do so properly that in most cases the recipient of the prize should keep for his own use the prize in its entirety. But in this case, while I did not feel officially as president of the United States, I was nevertheless only because I was president that I was enabled to act at all; and I felt that the money must be considered as having been given me in trust for the United States. I therefore used it as a nucleus for a foundation to forward the cause of industrial peace, as being well within the general purpose of your committee; for in our complex industrial civilization of today the peace of righteousness and justice, the only kind of peace worth having, is at least as necessary to the industrial world as it is to the nations. There is at least as much need to curb the cruel greed and arrogance of part of the world of capital, to curb the cruel greed and violence of part of the world of labor, as to check a cruel and unrelenting militarism in international relations.

When Peace May Be Evill. We must ever bear in mind that the great end in view is righteousness, justice as between man and man, nation and nation, the chance to lead our lives on a somewhat higher level, with a broader spirit of brotherly good will one for another. Peace is generally good in itself, but it is never the highest good unless it comes as the handmaid of righteousness; and it becomes a very evil thing if it serves merely as a mask for cowardice, for sloth, or as an instrument to further the ends of despotism or anarchy. We despise and abhor the bully, the braver, the oppressor, whether in private or public life; but we despise no less the coward and the voluptuary. No man is worth calling a man who will not fight rather than submit to injury or see those that are dear to him suffer wrong. No nation deserves to exist if it permits itself to lose the stern and virile virtues; and this without regard to whether the loss is due to the growth of luxury, to prolonged indulgence in luxury and soft effortless ease, or to the defection of a warped and twisted sentimentality.

Moreover, and above all, let us remember that words count only when they give expression to deeds or are to be translated into them. The leaders of the Red Terror practiced of peace while they steeped their hands in the blood of the innocent; and many a tyrant has called it peace when he has scourged his subjects into silence. Our words must be judged by our deeds; and in striving for a lofty ideal we must use practical methods; and if we cannot attain all at one leap, we must advance towards it step by step, reasonably content so long as we do actually make some progress in the right direction.

Now, having freely admitted the limitations to our work, and the qualifications to be borne in mind, I feel that I have the right to say a few words taken seriously when I point out where, in my judgment, great advance can be made in the cause of international peace. I speak as a practical man, and whatever I now advance I actually tried to do when I was for the time being the head of a great nation, and keenly jealous of its honor and interest. I ask other nations to do only what I should be glad to see my own nation do.

Treaties of Arbitration. The advance can be made along several lines. First of all there can be treaties of arbitration. They are of course, states so backward that a civilized community ought not to enter into an arbitration treaty with them, at least until we have gone much further than at present in securing some kind of international police action. But all really civilized

communities should have effective treaties of arbitration. I believe that these treaties can cover almost all questions liable to arise between such nations, if they are drawn with the explicit agreement that each contracting party shall respect each other's territory and absolute sovereignty within that territory, and the equally explicit agreement that (aside from the very rare cases where the nation's honor is vitally concerned) all other possible subjects of controversy will be submitted to arbitration. Such a treaty should insure peace until one party deliberately violated it. Of course, as yet there is no adequate safeguard against such deliberate violation, but the establishment of a judicial tribunal, which would go a long way towards creating a world opinion which would find expression in the provision of methods to forbid or punish any such violation.

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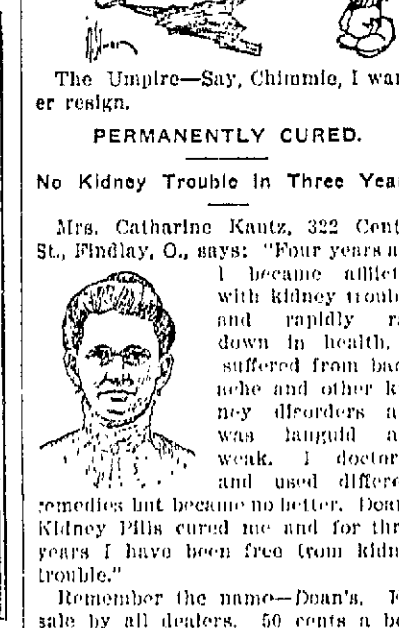
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Mr. Bartholdt is a representative from the Rough Rider colony at its head. He has been introduced into the house a joint resolution "to authorize the appointment of a commission to draft articles of international federation and for other purposes." The St. Louis representative knew the tinhead's plan.

In one of the speeches to the resolution it is said that the United States ought to give public expression to a form of articles of international federation which may be recommended to other governments as a fitting instrument to ameliorate the conditions now suffered by multitudes and to the away with the ever-present fear of war. Then the resolution asks that a commission of five members be appointed by the president with duties as follows:

First.—To urge upon the attention of other governments the fact that reliance on the heavy burden of military expenditures and from the disasters of war can best be obtained by the establishment of an international federation.

Second.—To report to congress, as soon as practicable, a draft of articles of a federation limited to the main-

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When Peace May Be Eviled. We must ever bear in mind that the great end in view is not man and man, but justice as between man and man, and that of nations, the chance to lead our lives on a somewhat higher level, with a broader spirit of brotherly good will one for another. Peace is generally good in itself, but it is never the highest good unless it comes as the handmaid of righteousness; and it becomes a mask for cowardice and sloth, or as an instrument to further the ends of despotism or anarchy. We despise and abhor the bully, the braver, the oppressor, whether in private or public life; but we despise no less the coward and the voluptuary. No man is to be called a man until he has the right to stand up to his enemy, or to stand up to his neighbor, or to stand up to his God. No nation deserves to exist if it permits itself to lose the stern and virile virtues; and this without regard to whether the loss is due to the growth of a soft and effeminate civilization, or to the degeneration of a warped and twisted mentality.

Moreover, and above all, let us remember that words count only when they give expression to deeds or are translated into them. The leader of the Red Terror prattled of peace, and yet he stepped their hands in the blood of the innocent; and many a tyrant has called it peace when he has scourged honest protest into silence. Our words must be judged by our deeds; and in striving for a lofty ideal we must use practical methods. If we cannot attain our ends by peaceful means, we must advance towards it step by step, reasonably and content so long as we do actually make some progress in the right direction.

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communities should have effected an arbitration treaty among themselves. I believe that the treaties can cover almost all questions liable to arise between such nations. If they are drawn with the explicit agreement that each contracting party will respect the other's territory and absolute sovereignty within that territory, and the equally explicit agreement that each contracting party will submit to arbitration all questions of vital concern, and all other possible subjects of controversy will be submitted to arbitration. Such a treaty should insure peace until one party deliberately violated it. Of course, as yet there is no adequate safeguard against such deliberate violation, but the establishment of a sufficient number of these treaties would go a long way towards creating a world opinion which would finally find expression in the provision of methods to forbid or punish any such violation.

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CANADA FORGING AHEAD

Thomas C. Shottwell, one of the greatest market reporters in America, writes from New York, under date of March 20th, and says:

"The tariff tangle with Canada which President Taft has taken in hand is of importance chiefly because of the multitude of American farmers that are crossing into the Canadian northwest. Most of the country estimates of their number place it at 150,000 for 1910. Some say as many as 250,000 will cross. These are all expert farmers and their places in the United States are being filled by untrained men from Europe and from the cities. Canada is gaining rapidly in agricultural importance and with in a few years the United States will have to call on the Dominion for wheat. Production of wheat in the United States is not keeping pace with the population. A tariff war would complicate the problem of getting food. Even now Canadian farmers are getting higher prices for their cattle on the hoof and Canadian housewives are paying less for meat in the butcher shops than farmers and housewives are receiving and paying in the United States. The tariff on cattle and wheat must be removed as between the two countries before long."

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Galena, Kans.—"A year ago last March I fell, and a few days after there was soreness in my right side. In a short time a lump came and it bothered me so much at night I could not sleep. It kept growing larger and by fall it was as large as a hen's egg. I could not go to bed without a hot water bottle applied to that side. I had one of the best doctors in Kansas and he told my husband that I would have to be operated on as it was something like a tumor caused by a rupture. I wrote to you for advice and you told me to get Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I did take it and soon the lump in my side broke and passed away. I am now well and happy. I am R. H. Huxley, 713 Mineral Ave., Galena, Kans."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has proven to be the most successful remedy for curing the worst forms of female illness, including displacements, inflammation, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pain, backache, bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, and nervous prostration. It costs but a trifle to try it and the result has been worth millions to many suffering women.

If you want special advice write for it to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. It is free and always helpful.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Leads all other medicines in the cure of all spring ailments, humors, loss of appetite, that tired feeling, paleness and nervousness. Take it.

At or About This Time. "Why do they call them ocean liners?" she asked. "They're getting new terms every day," he said, without looking up from the sporting page. "I never heard it before, but an ocean liner is probably a hot one that isn't infatuated well and rolls into a puddle or something."

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children. A girl blushes the first time a young man kisses her because it embarrasses her to think that he might not have done it.

Paralysis. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Always keep imagination under control.

W. N. U., CHICAGO, NO. 19, 1910.

GO

Grand Rapids, Wis., May 18, 1910

Entered at the Post Office at Grand Rapids, Wis., as second-class mail matter.

Advertising Notes. For display notices at rate of 10 cents an inch is charged. The columns in the Tribune are 2 1/2 inches long, making a one column advertisement cost \$2.50 for one insertion. All local notices, cards of thanks, resolutions of respect, and all notices of entertainments where an admission fee is charged will be published at 5 cents per line.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Year..... \$1.50
Six Months..... 75

Song of the G. O. P.

Don-hoo-hoo-hoo!
There's pup-pup-plenty of work
for you!
Everything's got in an awful stew,
Tangled and mangled and torn and new;
President scurrying, worrying, hurrying
Hither and thither and here and there;
Democrats looking up every when I
Independents making a mangled
Congressmen cheating the Speaker's
drum.
Hark! how they hallow as they in-
surgers!
Boys in the East and West and South,
Boys by letter and boys by mouth;
Alabama something hot and strong,
Washington leading lively, too,
Vow, but this is a hot-hot song,
The song of the horrid bug-a-bon.
When ew! When-ew!
Teddy, O Teddy, we've work for you!
Plenty of labor for you to do!
For the G. O. P. is a sight to see,
Battered and tattered and torn and
worn.
Honey and dainty and all forlorn!
Don-hoo-hoo-hoo!
Oh, it's a terrible thing to view,
And the past is dark and the future
blue,
And the Grand Old Party is pale of
hue,
And we're leaving the whole bad
mess to you,
Teddy, O Teddy, you've come, you've
come!
Bang the cymbals and pound the drum,
Give us a touch of your vanished
hum,
Give us a trifle of nerve and sand,
Make us forget that we're weak and
sick,
Give us the feel of the good big stick!
Don-hoo-hoo-hoo!
The whole blame business is up to
you,
All other leaders we fear—pound
pound!
A weakly, juddering, blubbering crew
What we want is a leader true
Who'll guide us rightly and pull us
through,
And you bet your life we're glad that
you
Weren't left out there for the hens to
claw,
But are here with us in time to do
The job that we so earnestly want you
to—
Set us right where we're askew,
Drag us out of the smothering stew,
Pup-pup-plenty of work to do,
Don-hoo-hoo-hoo!

—Curtis Brisley.

WEAK, WEARY WOMEN.

Learn the Cause of Daily Woes and End Them.
When the back aches and throbs,
When housework is torture,
When night brings no rest nor sleep
When urinary disorders set in
When a lot is a weary one,
There is a way to escape these woes.
Doan's Kidney Pills cure such ills.
Have cured women here in Grand
Rapids.
This is one Grand Rapids woman's
testimony.
Mrs. Bernellie Gerard, 698 Second
St., Grand Rapids, Mich., says: "I
suffered for some time from backaches
and sharp pains through my loins and
kidneys. I could not rest well on ac-
count of the misery and in the morn-
ing I arose feeling tired and languid.
My kidneys were disordered and the
secretions became unnatural and con-
tained a sediment. I at length procured
Doan's Kidney Pills and they gave me
the greatest relief. They banished the
pains, regulated the passages of the
kidney secretions and made me feel
better in every way."
For sale by all dealers. Price 50
cents. Foster-McMillan Co., Buffalo,
New York, sole agents for the United
States.
Remember the name—Doan's—and
take no other.

Hogs and Peas for Wisconsin.
Officials of the Soo railway are
taking up the question of hogs and
peas for Northern Wisconsin, are
making every effort to get the
Northern Wisconsin farmers to take
up this combination of industry.
The officials believe that a golden
opportunity awaits the tillers of the
soil if this suggestion is followed up.
Certainly Central Wisconsin can do
as much in this line as can the more
northern sections of the state, if the
suggestion has any merits, and it
looks good on the face of it.

MILD LIQUID CURES ECZEMA.

Skin Sufferers! Drop Greasy Salves and Nasty
Medicines.
—That mild, soothing liquid, D. D. D.
Prescription, stops the awful itch
with the first drops. A prescription
of acknowledged value.
Get a trial bottle at 25c. It will
take away the itch right away and
you will sleep soundly. We assure
you personally of the merits of this
remedy; for we know. J. E. Daly.

Agricultural School on Wheels.

Massachusetts launches the farmer
teaching train. Her program is very
complete and thorough. Instruction
in dairying and in the use of fer-
tilizers is but the beginning. The
poultry raiser will be regaled with
scientifically fashioned hen coops and
feeding boxes. The fruit grower will
be instructed in planting and
pruning. Live gipsy moths and such
like pests will be shown, along with
the parasites that feed upon them.
Forestry and reforestation will re-
ceive due attention, and an apparatus
for fighting forest fires will be carried
along, with "demonstrations" for
the farmers.—Moderator Topics

—H. W. Barker's Cough Remedy
made at Sparta, Wis., cures that
awful cough. Johnson & Hill Co.

Hints to Correspondents.

An exchange recently printed the
following set of rules for the guidance
of country correspondents:
First of all, a newspaper is designed
to give the news of the neighborhood,
county, state and nation, and no
effort should be made to make it the
purveyor of mere gossip or the in-
strument of personal revenge. In
disseminating the news it must be
reliable and impartial to the utmost
degree. Once in a great while some-
one who has a grudge against a
neighbor writes a letter to the news-
paper in which a plea is made
at the person he or she doesn't like.
Sometimes it is cleverly disguised
and the editors are unable to detect
it. This should never be done, and
it is extremely hoped that no corre-
spondent or occasional contributor will
so abuse our trust. Personal feeling
should never dictate in giving news.
Never overlook the earnings and go-
ings of neighbors whom you may not
like. Give all the news of all the
people, whether you like them or not.
Avoid as much as possible
chronicling the evils made by one
neighbor upon another who live on
adjoining farms. There is little
news value in such items.
Do not note the evils made by the
leaves on the bellies of the neighbor-
hood.
Do not forecast marriages, but re-
port them after they occur.
In giving the news of a birth, say:
A son (or daughter) was born to
Mr. and Mrs. So-and-so on such and
such a day of the week, month and
year. Leave off making comment on
the father's actions.
Write about the earnings and go-
ings of your neighborhood—those
who visit from a distance or from
some other town or neighborhood,
and those who go away on business
or to visit. Tell who they are visit-
ing and where and when, and write
names plainly and correctly. Don't
use nicknames, but always the proper
name.
Get all deaths, giving full par-
ticulars, date, age, residence, cause
of death, full name, number of chil-
dren, if any, left and where they live
and all other particulars.
Give all marriages and particulars
of wedding.
Give accounts of all accidents,
fires, new buildings of importance,
sale of farms or large property, who
sold and who bought, crimes—if any
are committed, with correct and ac-
curate details.
Report large crops and crop pros-
pects.
Report any unusual business
activity.
Report everything of a news char-
acter. Leave nothing out which has
news or which will interest readers.
Report nothing of a personal na-
ture or which will wrong anybody
in the slightest.
Don't report any rumors which
would injure a person if untrue.

Great Invention for the Farmer.

An invention of great importance
to the farmer is announced in the
current number of Popular Mechanics,
one that insures electric light and
power for farm homes and outbuild-
ings at low cost. The new prin-
ciple is a development of the wind
mill, which is now doing good ser-
vice for the farmer, and is styled a
wind turbine. It is a galvanized
steel wheel sixteen feet in diameter
with axis revolving in ball bearings,
and with all transmission gear work-
ing in oil bath, so that friction may
be reduced to a minimum and the
wheel be enabled to make the utmost
of light wind. The turbine is pro-
vided with an electric generator and
a switchboard, and a fifty-five cell
storage battery. It has been demon-
strated that with a wind of only six
miles an hour this turbine generates
electricity; and as it is always in
position and ready for work, the
energy of every puff of wind is trans-
mitted and stored by the battery, as a
reserve for weather in which there
is absolutely no wind.
This turbine will be a very useful
assistant on any farm; but in the
prairie country and on the plains of
the west, where the wind seems to be
blowing all the time, from one direc-
tion or another, it will be a constant
source of supply that will tax the
storage battery only occasionally,
and then for short periods. A wind
of six miles is a zephyr in comparison
with the breezes which usually sweep
over the prairie country, and the
turbine will therefore have little rest
in the west.

This improvement in the windmill
will make possible the utilization by
farmers of electric automobiles,
which can be charged from the
storage batteries into which the tur-
bine has been playing both night and
day. All that a farmer will have to
do is to watch his gauge, and when
his automobile needs replenishing
run it up to the storage battery shed
and take in a new supply of elec-
tricity. This will be so easy that
electric automobiles will multiply,
and with their multiplication will
come an increased demand for the
good roads whose construction will
still further augment the comforts of
farm life.—Evening Wisconsin

ALTDORF

The ball game between the Altdorf
team and the Indians resulted in a
score of 2 to 1 in favor of the Gophers.
The program given by the Altdorf
school children last Thursday was
good, as everybody reports it so.
The Joe Schiller house is beginning
to make a pretty nice appearance in
the country. The house will soon be
ready for the family to go in.
Henry Huser is still working for
Joe Schiller for whom he has been
working for some time past.
A big party will be given Thurs-
day, May 19th at the Altdorf school
house.
Anton Arnold is working here this
week.

What Everybody Wants.

Everybody desires good health
which is impossible unless the kidneys
are sound and healthy. Foley's Kid-
ney Remedy has been taken at the
first indication of any irregularity,
and a serious illness may be averted.
Foley's Kidney Remedy will restore
your kidneys and bladder to their
normal state and activity. Johnson &
Hill Co. and J. E. Daly.

SIGNAL

Chas. Carlson of Altona was a
guest at the Berg home last week.
Mr. and Mrs. Peter van Lunenburg
were the happy recipients of a son at
their home last week.
Chas. Homanquist, who for the past
few months has been employed at
Rockford, Ill., returned to his home
here last week.
Mrs. Claus Johnson spent Tuesday
of last week with friends at Stevens
Point.
Miss Borden and Floy Berg were
Sunday guests at the Monson home at
Sherry.
Mrs. Ole Holstrom is spending the
week at Port Edwards a guest at the
Olaf Berger home.
On Monday, May 9th at the
Catholic church the wedding of Frank
Mortach and Miss Nettie Skelowski
was solemnized. Dinner was served
at the bride's home to a number of
relatives and friends.
Eric Berg and John Krammacker
were in Sherry last Saturday having
brought some cattle there which they
sold to Mr. Iverson of that place.
Miss Olga Burgeson has returned
home from Waukegan where she has
spent the past three months.
Gus Brastowitz departed on Mon-
day night for the Dakotas where he
will work on a farm for the summer.
Messrs. Jon and Frank Rokas pur-
chased 30 acres of land joining their
present farm on Monday of Joe
Chesick.
A large number of invitations have
been extended to the coming wedding
of James Pelt and Tillie Hildick,
which takes place on Monday from
the Catholic church. A big wedding
dinner and dance will follow the
evening which will take place at
the home of the bride's parents, Mr.
and Mrs. John Hildick.
The item published in last week's
Tribune to the effect that Dan Koch
had sold his farm, is not true, for
correspondent having been misin-
formed. The farm is for sale, how-
ever, and Mr. Koch has had several
offers, none of which have quite come
up to his price.
John Koutban has commenced the
erection of a fine new home on his
farm.
A. G. Koch, who has been visiting
at the home of his parents, Mr. and
Mrs. Louis Koch, departed on Tues-
day for Leshannon, S. D., where he is
employed in a bank.

The High Cost of Living.

Increases the price of many neces-
sities without improving the quality.
Foley's Kidney and Liver Pills main-
tain the highest standard of excellence and
its great curative qualities without any
increase in cost. It is the best remedy
for coughs, colds, croup, whooping
cough and all ailments of the throat,
chest and lungs. The genuine is in a
yellow package. Refuse substitutes.
Johnson & Hill Co. and J. E. Daly.

PITTSVILLE.

Paul Daemmrich, the local
clarinet player, has taken a position
with the Gollmar Brothers circus.
A card to one of the boys here last week
stated that he had joined the circus
to play in the band at Rockford, Ill.,
and will remain with them for the
remainder of the season. Mr.
Daemmrich is a first class clarinetist,
in fact one of the best in this part
of the state, which is attested by his
being taken on with the Gollmar
circus band.

Mrs. Hannah Juncus of Radolph
visited with relatives here Saturday
and Sunday.
Miss Nellie Gustin, teacher in
the town of Grant, district No. 4,
spent Sunday in Green Bay.
B. S. Fox went to Antigo last week
and organized a Sons of Veterans
Camp.
Mr. and Mrs. Dornis Parks visited
at the home of L. W. Notzky in the
town of Linwood Sunday.
Oline Grallo came down from
Stevens Point and spent last week
putting in crops on her farm. He
was assisted by Lou Smart, both be-
ing old time residents of this place.
The contractors have about com-
pleted the building and repairing at
the old Manger place. The improve-
ments make the place more attractive
as well as more valuable.
Cold and dry is our weather con-
ditions at present. Can it be Italy's
climate is the cause?

Rev. Raymond will deliver an ad-
dress here Memorial Sunday, the 28th
at the church.
NEKOOSA.
(From the Times.)
At the meeting of the Nekoosa
 Lodge No. 205, I. O. O. F., last Fri-
day evening Geo. W. Wolf and Chas.
Mohlke were elected as delegates to
the grand lodge which convenes at
Green Bay on Tuesday, June 7. P.
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circuit alternates.
P. X. Grode, G. Oksune, S. Roe,
W. Hooper, John Galligan, and
John P. Nash were at Grand Rapids
today where they were examined as
witnesses in the Stillman-Pischke
assault case as to the reputation of
the persons implicated in the alleged
crime of assault with intent to
murder.
John Keller has sold his stock of
snaps to Carl Olson of Neenah, who
is here today (visiting the same and
will ship them to Neenah. Mr.
Olson besides running a shoe store at
Neenah does harness and shoe repair
work and has made arrangements
with Mr. Keller to do this part of the
work.
J. D. Harrington completed the census
of the towns of Saratoga and Grand
Rapids Saturday and on Monday re-
ported for duty as one of the jurymen
at circuit court.
Mrs. Della Cass and daughter, Miss
Lilith, departed yesterday noon for
Mauston to visit relatives for a few
days. From there they will go to
Milwaukee to reside.
John Brandt of Chicago was the
guest of his brother, Martin, the first
of the week. Mr. Brandt recently
sold his meat market in Chicago and
now devotes his entire time to the
optical business.
Attorney Henry E. Pitch was at
Madison on professional business last
Friday.
H. VanRuth was at Graustburg
last week attending to business
matters.

SARATOGA

Mr. and Mrs. Knute Knutson and
children spent Sunday in the town
of Grant with Mr. and Mrs. Frank
Roth.
Mrs. Anna Parker of Hancock spent
last week with her parents, Mr.
and Mrs. Frank Galligan, Sr.
Mr. and Mrs. Louis Knutson of
Grand Rapids spent one day last week
with their son, Erik Knutson.
Mrs. Ole Larson and son August
of Grand Rapids spent Sunday with Mrs.
Pauline Hanson.
Joe Johnson returned Friday from
Kilbourn where he has been spending
the last three weeks.
Mr. and Mrs. James Knutson
and son Elmer spent Sunday at Plain-
field the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Tim
Smith. Mrs. Knutson and Mrs.
Smith are sisters.
Mrs. Axel Peterson, who has been
suffering the past week with rheuma-
tism, is now able to be up again.
The horse belonging to Kamna
Jensen took a lively runaway last
week. The only damage done was
the smashing up of the buggy.
George T. Rowland of Grand
Rapids was seen on our streets one
day last week.
The Ladies Aid Society will meet
May 19th at the home of Mrs. John
Koch.
Foley's Kidney Remedy will cure
any case of kidney and bladder trouble
not beyond the reach of medicine. No
mercury can do more. Johnson &
Hill Co. and J. E. Daly.

Ed Hansen, who is employed at
Grand Rapids, spent Sunday in this
vicinity.
Peter Knutson, who is doing
unusual work in Grand Rapids, spent
Sunday at home.
Miss Mabel Johnson has been
spending a couple of days at Grand
Rapids taking examination.
Miss Winnie Beckerman spent a
couple of days at Grand Rapids last
week.
J. P. Peterson, who hurt his foot
by stepping on a rusty nail, is now
able to be at work again.
Hermon Peterson and August
Brown spent Sunday in Plainfield.
Oscar Ruckelst of Grand Rapids
was in this vicinity Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. Walter Tesser of
South Saratoga visited at the home
of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs.
M. P. Johnson, Sunday.
Rev. Dewey of Grand Rapids
preached a sermon for the Sunday
school last Sunday.
Miss Marie Dietrich is on the sick
list this week.
A number of the boys attended a
dance at Ferdinand Seiger's last
night.
Foley's Kidney Pills are antiseptic,
tonic and restorative and a prompt
corrective of all urinary irregularities.
Refuse substitutes. Johnson & Hill
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P. X. Grode, G. Oksune, S. Roe,
W. Hooper, John Galligan, and
John P. Nash were at Grand Rapids
today where they were examined as
witnesses in the Stillman-Pischke
assault case as to the reputation of
the persons implicated in the alleged
crime of assault with intent to
murder.
John Keller has sold his stock of
snaps to Carl Olson of Neenah, who
is here today (visiting the same and
will ship them to Neenah. Mr.
Olson besides running a shoe store at
Neenah does harness and shoe repair
work and has made arrangements
with Mr. Keller to do this part of the
work.
J. D. Harrington completed the census
of the towns of Saratoga and Grand
Rapids Saturday and on Monday re-
ported for duty as one of the jurymen
at circuit court.
Mrs. Della Cass and daughter, Miss
Lilith, departed yesterday noon for
Mauston to visit relatives for a few
days. From there they will go to
Milwaukee to reside.
John Brandt of Chicago was the
guest of his brother, Martin, the first
of the week. Mr. Brandt recently
sold his meat market in Chicago and
now devotes his entire time to the
optical business.
Attorney Henry E. Pitch was at
Madison on professional business last
Friday.
H. VanRuth was at Graustburg
last week attending to business
matters.

Rev. Raymond will deliver an ad-
dress here Memorial Sunday, the 28th
at the church.
NEKOOSA.
(From the Times.)
At the meeting of the Nekoosa
 Lodge No. 205, I. O. O. F., last Fri-
day evening Geo. W. Wolf and Chas.
Mohlke were elected as delegates to
the grand lodge which convenes at
Green Bay on Tuesday, June 7. P.
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Madison on professional business last
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last week attending to business
matters.

Notice to Contractors.

Sealed proposals will be received
by the Asylum Building committee
for Wood County, Wisconsin, at the
office of R. Connor, Chairman,
Marshfield, Wis., until one o'clock
P. M., May 31st, 1910, for furnishing
all materials and doing all labor
necessary and required to erect, con-
struct and complete an asylum build-
ing and a boiler house and laundry
building for said county to be built
at Marshfield, Wis.
Each proposal for doing the general
work must be accompanied by a
certified check in a sum equal to 5
per cent of the amount of the bid.
Each proposal for doing the plumb-
ing and sewerage work, steam heating
and ventilating work and the elec-
trical work must be accompanied by
a certified check in a sum equal to 10
per cent of the amount of the bid.
Certified checks submitted with
said proposals must be made payable
to Geo. L. Ward, Secretary, and will
be forfeited to the said County in
case of failure on the part of the con-
tractor whose proposal is accepted to
enter into contract with the said
committee at the price stated in his
proposal.
The contractor whose proposal is
accepted must furnish bonds accept-
able to the said building committee
in a sum equal to not less than 50
per cent of the contract price and
conditioned for the faithful perform-
ance and completion of the contract
on or before Mar. 1st, 1911 and for
the payment of all legal claims for
material furnished and labor per-
formed by sub-contractors and others.
Plans and specifications are on file
at the office of the said committee in
the city of Marshfield, Wis., and at
the office of Van Ryn & DeGelleke,
Architects, 726 Casswell Block, Mil-
waukee, Wis.
The said Building Committee re-
serves the right to reject any or all
proposals or to accept any proposal
which it may deem advisable and for
the best interests of the said County.
Building Committee, Wood County
Insane Asylum:—
R. Connor, Chairman,
J. S. Thompson,
Geo. L. Ward, Sec.
St.

May 11
Order Limiting Time to Present Claims and
Notice to Creditors.
State of Wisconsin, Wood County, in County
Court.
In the matter of the estate of Fredericka
Hardies, deceased.
J. E. Daly, administrator on the estate of
Fredericka Hardies, late of the town of Mil-
ladore, in said county of Wood, deceased, having
been duly granted a license to administer by the
court.
It is ordered, that the time from the date
hereof until and including the 7th day of
November, A. D. 1910, be and the same be
fixed as the time within which all creditors
of the said Fredericka Hardies, deceased, shall
present their claims for examination and ad-
justment.
It is further ordered, that all claims and de-
mands of all persons against the said Fredericka
Hardies, deceased, be examined and adjusted
before this court at its court room in the court
house in the city of Grand Rapids, in said
county, at the regular term thereof appointed
to be held on the first Tuesday of December,
1910, and all creditors are hereby notified
thereof.
It is further ordered, that notice of the time
and place at which said claims and demands
will be examined and adjusted as aforesaid,
and of the time when the said creditors
are to present their claims and demands, be given
by publishing a copy of this order and notice
in some newspaper published in said county
in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper
published in the County of Wood, the first pub-
lication to be within fifteen days of the date
hereof.
Dated this 8th day of May, 1910.
By the Court, W. J. Conway,
County Judge

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Dated this 8th day of May, 1910.

Grand Rapids Tribune

BY DRUM & SUTOR.

Grand Rapids, Wis., May 18, 1910

Entered at the Post Office at Grand Rapids, Wis., as second-class matter.

Advertising Rates.—For display matter a flat rate of 10 cents an inch is charged. The columns in the Tribune are 2 1/2 inches long, making a one column advertisement cost \$2.40 for one insertion. All local notices, cards of thanks, resolutions of respect, and all notices of entertainments where an admission fee is charged will be published at 5 cents per line.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One Year.....\$1.50
Six Months.....75

Song of the G. O. P.

Boo-hoo-hoo-hoo!
There's pup-pup-plenty of work for you!

Everything's got in an awful stew,
Tangled and mangled and torn askew;
President scurrying, worry-lane, hurry-lane!

Hither and thither and here and there;
Democrats bobbing up everywhere!
Independents making a splash!
Congressmen chanting the Speaker's drap.

Hark! how they bellow as they in-surge!
Roxas in the East and West and South,
Roxas by letter and row by mouth;
Albany meeting hot and strong,
Washington boiling lively, too.
Wow, but this is a red-hot soup,
The song of the horrible bug-a-hoo.

Whee-ow! Whee-ow!
Thee-ow! Thee-ow!
We'll work for you!
Plenty of labor for you to do!
For the G. O. P. is a sight to see,
Battered and tattered and torn and worn.

Blowy and dreary and all forlorn!
Boo-hoo-hoo-hoo!
Oh, it's a terrible thing to view.
And the party is dark and the future blue.

And the Grand Old Party is pale of hue,
And we're leaving the whole bad mess to you.

Toddy, O Toddy, you've come, you've come!
Bang the cymbals and pound the drum.
Give us a touch of your vanished hand.

Give us a trifle of nerve and sand.
Make us forget we're weak and sick.

Give us the feel of the good big stick!
Boo-hoo-hoo-hoo!
The whole blame business is up to you.

All other leaders we fear—pooh!
A weakly, jabbering, blabbering crew
What we want is a leader true
Who'll guide us rightly and pull us through.

And you bet your life we're glad that you
Weren't left out there for the benefit to chew.

But are here with us in time to do
The job that we certainly want you to—
Set us right where we're asked,
Drag us out of the scolding stew.

Pup-pup-plenty of work to do,
Boo-hoo-hoo-hoo!

—Berton Drayton.

WEAK, WEARY WOMEN.

Learn the Cause of Daily Woes and End Them.
When the back aches and throbs,
When housework is torture,
When night brings no rest nor sleep
When urinary disorders set in
When the kidneys are in a weary mood,
There is a way to escape these woes.
Doan's Kidney Pills cure such ills.
Have cured women here in Grand Rapids.

This is one Grand Rapids woman's testimony.
Mrs. Bernice Gerard, 698 Second St., N. Grand Rapids, Wis., says: "I suffered for some time from backache and sharp pains through my loins and kidneys. I could not rest well on account of the misery and in the morning I arose feeling tired and languid. My kidneys became inflamed and the secretions became unnatural and contained a sediment. I at length procured Doan's Kidney Pills and they gave me the greatest relief. They banished the pains, regulated the passages of the kidney secretions and made me feel better in every way."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Full kit, \$1.00. Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Hogs and Peas for Wisconsin.

Officials of the Soo railway are taking up the question of hogs and peas for Northern Wisconsin, are making every effort to get the Northern Wisconsin farmers to take up this combination of industry.

The officials believe that a golden opportunity awaits the tillers of the soil if this suggestion is followed up. Certainly Central Wisconsin can do as much in this line as can the more northern sections of the state, if the suggestion has any merits, and it looks good on the face of it.

MILD LIQUID CURES ECZEMA.

Skin Sufferers Drop Greasy Salves and Nasty Medicines.
—That mild, soothing liquid, D. D. D. Prescription, stops the awful itch with the first drops. A prescription of acknowledged value.

Get a trial bottle at 25c. It will take away the itch right away and you will sleep soundly. We assure you personally of the merits of this remedy; for we know. J. E. Daly.

Agricultural School on Wheels.

Massachusetts launches the farmer teaching train. Her program is very complete and thorough. Instruction in dairying and in the use of fertilizers is but the beginning.

The railway raiser will be regaled with not only the most fashionable hen coops and feeding boxes. The fruit grower will be instructed in planting and pruning. Live gipsy moths and such like pests will be shown, along with the parasites that feed upon them. Forestry and reforestation will receive due attention, and an apparatus for fighting forest fires will be carried along, with "demonstrations" for the farmers. —Moderator Topics

—H. W. Barker's Cough Remedy

made at Sparta, Wis., cures that awful cough. Johnson & Hill Co.

Hints to Correspondents.

An exchange recently printed the following set of rules for the guidance of country correspondents:

First of all, a newspaper is designed to give the news of the neighborhood, of county, state and nation, and no effort should be made to make it the purveyor of mere gossip or the instrument of personal revenge. In disseminating the news it must be reliable and impartial to the utmost degree.

Once in a great while someone who writes a letter to the newspaper in which a sly thrust is made at the person he or she doesn't like. Sometimes it is cleverly disguised and the editors are unable to detect it. This should never be done, and it is earnestly hoped that no correspondent or occasional contributor will so abuse our trust. Personal feeling should never dictate in giving news. Never overlook the comings and goings of neighbors whom you may not like. Give all the news of all the people, whether you like them or not.

Avoid as much as possible chattering about the calls made by one neighbor upon another who live on adjoining farms. There is little news value in such items.

Do not note the calls made by the beaux on the belles of the neighborhood.

Do not forecast marriages, but report them after they occur.

In giving the news of a birth, say: A son (or daughter) was born to Mr. and Mrs. So and So on such-and-such a day of the week, month and year. Leave off making comment on the father's actions.

Write about the comings and goings of your neighborhood—those who visit from a distance or from some other town or neighborhood, and those who go away on business or to visit. Tell who they are visiting and where and when, and write names plainly and correctly. Don't use nicknames, but always the proper name.

Get all deaths, giving full particulars—date, age, residence, cause of death, full name, number of children, if any, left and where they live and all other particulars.

Give all marriages and particulars of wedding.

Give accounts of all accidents, fires, new buildings of importance, sales of farms or large properties—who sold and who bought, crimes—if any are committed, with correct and accurate details.

Report large crops and crop prospects.

Report any unusual business activity.

Report everything of a news character. Leave nothing out which is news or which will interest readers.

Report nothing of a personal nature or which will wrong anybody in the slightest.

Don't report any rumors which would injure a person if untrue.

Great Invention for the Farmer.

An invention of great importance to the farmer is announced in the current number of Popular Mechanics, one that insures electric light and power for farm homes and outbuildings at low cost. The new principle mover is a development of wind mill, which is now doing good service for the farmer, and is styled a wind turbine. It is a galvanic steel wheel sixteen feet in diameter with axle revolving in ball bearings, and with all trussing in ball bearings, and with axle so that friction may be reduced to a minimum and the wheel be enabled to make the utmost of light winds. The turbine is provided with an electric generator and a switchboard, and a fifty-five cell storage battery. It has been demonstrated that with a wind of only six miles an hour this turbine generates electricity; and as it is always in position and ready for work, the energy of every puff of wind is transmitted and stored by the battery, as a reserve for weather in which there is absolutely no wind.

This turbine will be a very useful assistant on any farm; but in the prairie country and on the plains of the west, where the wind seems to be blowing all the time, from one direction or another, it will be a constant source of supply that will tax the storage battery only occasionally, and then for short periods. A wind of six miles is a zeephyr in comparison with the breezes which usually sweep over the prairie country, and the turbine will therefore have little rest in the west.

This improvement in the windmill will make possible the utilization by farmers of the electric automobiles, which can be charged from the storage batteries into which the turbine has been playing both night and day. All that a farmer will have to do is to watch his gauge, and when his automobile needs replenishing run it up to the storage battery electric and take in a new supply of electricity. This will be so easy that electric automobiles will multiply, and with their multiplication will come an increased demand for the good roads whose construction will still further augment the comforts of farm life. —Evening Wisconsin

ALTDORF

The ball game between the Altdorf team and the Indians resulted in a score of 3 to 1 in favor of the Gophers.

The program given by the Altdorf school children last Thursday was good, as everybody reports it so.

The Joe Schiller house is beginning to make a pretty nice appearance in the country. The house will soon be ready for the family to go in.

Henry Huser is still working for Schiller for whom he has been working for some time past.

A pie party will be given Thursday, May 19th at the Altdorf school house.

Anton Arnold is working here this week.

What Everybody Wants.

Everybody desires good health which is impossible unless the kidneys are sound and healthy. Foley's Kidney Remedy should be taken at the first indication of any irregularity, and a serious illness may be averted.

Foley's Kidney Remedy will restore your kidneys and bladder to their normal state and activity. Johnson & Hill Co.

SIGEL

Chas. Carlson of Altoona was a guest at the Berg home last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Lundberg were the happy recipients of a son at their home last week.

Chas. Bloomquist, who for the past ten months has been employed at Rockford, Ill., returned to his home here last week.

Mrs. Claus Johnson spent Tuesday of last week with friends at Stevens Point.

Miss Perdum and Ploy Berg were Sunday guests at the Monson home at Sherry.

Mrs. Ole Holstrom is spending the week at Port Edwards a guest at the Olaf Roger home.

On Monday, May 9th at the Catholic church the wedding of Frank Matraich and Miss Nettie Sokolowski was solemnized. Dinner was served at the bride's home to a number of relatives and friends.

Eric Berg and John Krommacker were in Sherry last Saturday having brought some cattle there which they sold to Mr. Iverson of that place.

Miss Olga Burgeon has returned home from Waukesha where she has spent the past three months.

Gus Brostwick departed on Monday night for the Dakotas where he will work on a farm for the summer.

Messrs. Joe and Frank Rokus purchased 80 acres of land joining their present farm on Monday of Joe Chesick.

A large number of invitations have been extended to the coming wedding of James Polot and Tillie Hildick, which takes place on Monday from the Catholic church. A big wedding dinner and dance will follow the ceremony which will take place at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Hildick.

The item published in last week's Tribune to the effect that Lau Koch had sold his farm, is not true, your correspondent having been misinformed. The farm is for sale, however, and Mr. Koch has had several offers, none of which have quite come up to his price.

John Benhan has commenced the erection of a fine new home on his farm.

A. O. Koch, who has been visiting at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Koch, departed on Tuesday for Lebanon, S. D., where he is employed in a bank.

The High Cost of Living.

Increases the price of many necessities without improving the quality. Foley's Kidney and Tar maintains its high standard of excellence and its great curative qualities without any increase in cost. It is the best remedy for colds, croup, whooping cough and all ailments of the throat, chest and lungs. The genuine is in a yellow package. Refuse substitutes. Johnson & Hill Co. and J. E. Daly.

PITTSBURGH.

(From the Record.)
Paul Daemmerich, the local clarinet player, has taken a position with the Gollmar Brothers circus. A card to one of the boys here last week stated that he had joined the circus to play in the band at Rockford, Ill., and will remain with them for the remainder of the season. Mr. Daemmerich is a first class clarinetist, in fact one of the best in this part of the state, which is attested by his being taken on with the Gollmar circus band.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will clear the sour stomach, sweeten the breath and create a healthy appetite. They prompt the flow of gastric juice, thereby inducing good digestion. Sold by all dealers.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Tarbox left the city Saturday morning. Mr. Tarbox is going to his work in the power works at Dupont, Wash., and Mrs. Tarbox to make a visit at Washburn, her former home, before joining her husband in the west.

Geo. W. Brown will leave Monday for Dakota where he will be on hand to get in on the draw for a good piece of land of the government lottery. He will also take care of Harry Ames' draw.

NEKOOSA.

(From the Times.)
At the meeting of the Nekoosa lodge No. 295, I. O. O. F., last Friday evening Geo. W. Wolf and Chas. Mohlke were elected as delegates to the grand lodge which convenes at Green Bay on Tuesday, June 7. P. O. Weather and S. L. Stevens were chosen alternates.

F. K. Grode, C. Okseue, S. Ree, Wm. Hooper, John Galligan, and John P. Nash were at Grand Rapids today where they were examined as witnesses in the Stellmacher-Pischke assault case as to the reputation of the persons implicated in the alleged crime of assault with intent to murder.

John Keller has sold his stock of suits to Carl Olson of Necedah, who is here today invoicing the same and will ship them to Necedah. Mr. Olson besides running a shoe store at Necedah does harness and shoe repair work and has made arrangements with Mr. Keller to do this part of the work.

J. D. Harrington completed the census of the towns of Saratoga and Grand Rapids Saturday and on Monday reported for duty as one of the jurymen at circuit court.

Mrs. Della Case and daughter, Miss Lillan, departed yesterday noon for Mauston to visit relatives for a few days. From there they will go to Milwaukee to reside.

John Brandt of Chicago was the guest of his brother, Martin, the first of the week. Mr. Brandt recently sold his meat market in Chicago and now devotes his entire time to the optical business.

Attorney Harry E. Fitoh was at Madison on professional business last Friday.

H. VanRuth was at Grantsburg last week attending to business matters.

SARATOGA

Mr. and Mrs. Knute Knutson and children spent Sunday in the town of Grant with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Roeh.

Mrs. Anna Parker of Hancock spent last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Galligan, Sr.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Knutson of Grand Rapids spent one day last week with their son, Brick Knutson.

Mrs. Ole Larson and son Arneal of Grand Rapids spent Sunday with Mrs. Pauline Hansen.

Joe Johnson returned Friday from Kibbort where he has been spending the last three weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. James Knutson and son Elmer spent Sunday at Plainfield the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Tim Smith. Mrs. Knutson and Mrs. Smith are sisters.

Mrs. Axel Peterson, who has been suffering the past week with rheumatism, is now able to be up again.

The horse belonging to Rasmus Jensen took a lively runaway last week. The only damage done was the smashing up of the buggy.

George T. Rowland of Grand Rapids was seen on our streets one day last week.

The Ladies Aid Society will meet May 19th at the home of Mrs. John Koch.

Foley's Kidney Remedy will cure any case of kidney trouble and not beyond the reach of medicine. No medicine can do more. Johnson & Hill Co. and J. E. Daly.

Ed Hansen, who is employed at Grand Rapids, spent Sunday in this vicinity.

Peter Knutson, who is doing mason work in Grand Rapids, spent Sunday at home.

Miss Mabel Johnson has been spending a couple of days at Grand Rapids taking examination.

Miss Vinnie Bekerman spent a couple of days at Grand Rapids last week.

J. P. Peterson, who hurt his foot by stepping on a rusty nail, is now able to be at work again.

Herman Peterson and August Brown spent Sunday in Plainfield.

Oscar Rockstedt of Grand Rapids was in this vicinity Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Tesser of South Saratoga visited at the home of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Johnson, Sunday.

Rev. Dewey of Grand Rapids preached a sermon for the Sunday school last Sunday.

Miss Marie Dietrich is on the sick list this week.

A number of the boys attended a dance at Ferdinand Seiger's last night.

Foley's Kidney Pills are antiseptic, tonic and restorative and a prompt corrective of all urinary irregularities. Refuse substitutes. Johnson & Hill Co. and J. E. Daly.

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Commander Julius A. Pratt Post

No. 143 Dept. III, G. A. R.
Mr. Isaac Cook, Commander of above Post, Keweenaw, Ill., writes: "For a long time I was bothered with backache and pains across my kidneys. About two months ago I started taking Foley's Kidney Pills and soon saw they were doing just as claimed. I kept on taking them and now I am free from backache, and the painful bladder misery is all gone. I like Foley's Kidney Pills so well that I have told many of my friends and have recommended them and shall recommend them at every opportunity." Johnson & Hill Co. and J. E. Daly.

PUBLIC STENOGRAPHER

OSCAR LIND
Notary Public, Room 14, Wood County National Bank Building, Grand Rapids, Wis. Phone 374.

W. Melvin Ruckle, M. D.

PRACTICE LIMITED TO
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT
Glasses fitted correctly. Eye and Ear Surgeon, Riverview hospital. Office in Wood Co. Bank Building. Tel. 254

Goggins, Brazeau & Briere.

Attorneys at Law.
Office in the MacKinnon Block on the West side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

DR. C. F. BANDELIN

DENTIST
Office over Otto's drug store on E. side. Phone 437.

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Sunday Trains

—TO—
GREEN BAY
and return
and to all Intermediate points, commencing
Sunday, May 1st,
and each Sunday thereafter

FARE FOR ROUND TRIP

from Grand Rapids \$1.50
Train leaves Grand Rapids 7 a. m. Returning train leaves Green Bay at 6:20 p. m.

FOR SALE

The lot adjoining the Tribune office 21x125 feet, for a fine site for the new hotel, or a fine site for some other building. The lot is on the west side of the Tribune office.

Notice to Contractors.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Asylum Building Committee for Wood County, Wisconsin, at the office of R. Connor, Chairman, Marshfield, Wis., until one o'clock P. M., May 31, 1910, for furnishing all materials and doing all labor necessary and required to erect, construct and complete an asylum building and a boiler house and laundry building for said county to be built at Marshfield, Wis.

Each proposal for doing the general work must be accompanied by a certified check in a sum equal to 5 per cent of the amount of the bid.

Each proposal for doing the plumbing and sewerage work, steam heating and ventilating work and the electrical work must be accompanied by a certified check in a sum equal to 10 per cent of the amount of the bid.

Certified checks submitted with said proposals must be made payable to Geo. L. Ward, Secretary, and will be forfeited to the said County in case of failure on the part of the contractor whose proposal is accepted to enter into contract with the said committee at the price stated in his proposal.

The contractor whose proposal is accepted must furnish bonds acceptable to the said building committee in a sum equal to not less than 50 per cent of the contract price and not beyond the reach of performance and completion of the contract on or before Mar. 1st, 1911 and for the payment of all legal claims for material furnished and labor performed by sub-contractors and others.

Plans and specifications are on file at the office of the said committee in the city of Marshfield, Wis., and at the office of Van Ryn & DeGelleke, Architects, 738 Casswell Block, Milwaukee, Wis.

The said Building Committee reserves the right to reject any or all proposals or to accept any proposal which it may deem advisable and for the best interests of the said County.

Building Committee, Wood County Insane Asylum:—
R. Connor, Chairman,
J. S. Thompson,
Geo. L. Ward, Sec.

May 11 June 1
Order Limiting Time to Present Claims and Notice to Creditors.

State of Wisconsin, Wood County, in County Court.
In the matter of the estate of Fredericka Hardies, deceased.
Notice is hereby given to all creditors of Fredericka Hardies, late of the town of Milwaukee, in said county of Wood, deceased, having been granted to Caroline Anderson by this court.

It is ordered, that the time from the date hereof until and including the 7th day of November, A. D. 1910, be and the same is hereby fixed as the time within which all creditors of the said Fredericka Hardies, deceased, shall present their claims for examination and allowance.

It is further ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against the said Fredericka Hardies, deceased, be examined and adjusted before this court, at its court room, in the court house in the city of Grand Rapids, in said county of Wood, on the first day of December, 1910, and all creditors are hereby notified thereof.

It is further ordered, that notice of the time and place at which said claims and demands will be examined and adjusted, as aforesaid, be presented to the creditors and demands, be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice for four consecutive weeks, once in each week, in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper published in the county of Wood, the first publication to be within fifteen days of the date hereof.

Dated this 3rd day of May, 1910.
By the Court,
W. J. Conway,
County Judge

Buggies and Milk Wagons

are made in Grand Rapids. Made to wear and guaranteed to give satisfaction. Now completed and will be sold at very reasonable prices.

Take your carriage and wagon repairing and painting to us. It is our business and we always give satisfaction. Prices are very reasonable.

Anderson Carriage Works

Grand Rapids, - Wisconsin

Kellner Coal Co.

Coal and Wood
Don't Forget US when you need anything in the line of fuel
Telephone 30

How is Your Supply of Wood and Coal

We can help you out and at the Right Prices.
PROMPT ATTENTION TO ORDERS
Gust Kruger & Son
PHONE 237

W. Melvin Ruckle, M. D.

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Glasses fitted correctly. Eye and Ear Surgeon, Riverview hospital. Office in Wood Co. Bank Building. Tel. 254

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DR. A. L. RIDGMAN

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Telephone No. 92. Residence phone No. 23. Office over Church's drug store on West side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

E. N. POMAINVILLE

ABSTRACTS and INSURANCE

LOCAL ITEMS.

Will Raymond spent Sunday with relatives and friends in New Lisbon.

Dr. J. A. Jackson of Randolph transferred business in the city on Monday.

Mrs. Wm. Quinnell has been confined to her bed the past week with illness.

It is expected that the remainder of the outfit will be along in a few days.

Joe Wheeler received a part of his new suit from the tailor on Monday and the same have been placed in the wardrobe.

Mrs. Ben Wheeler of New Home was among the callers at the Tribune office on Friday while in the city on business.

Wilbur Herschler left on Monday for the west, it being his intention to look up a location where he could go into business for himself.

Mrs. J. Parley departed on Thursday for Chatterbox, S. D., where she will spend several weeks visiting her sister, Francis, who is employed there as a trained nurse.

Gen. Anderson, formerly agent for the St. Paul Ry. here, but for the past several years located at Oshkosh, has been promoted to the position of traveling agent for the road.

Get your papering, decorating, painting, kalsomining, graining and your house painted at a reasonable price. Let the figure on your work. Nels, Laraine, Telephone call 80, residence No. 602 South 10th St.

Charles Halvorsen, who is located at Rhineland, where he has charge of the clothing department in a large store, spent Monday in the city visiting his family and other relatives and friends.

Mrs. Henry Wagner departed on Thursday night for Watertown, S. D., where she will spend a week visiting with her husband, who is employed out there at the carpenter trade.

E. E. Wilcox, an experienced dry goods salesman, has accepted a position with Johnson & Hill Co. Mr. Wilcox has been in charge of Rose Bros. store at Marshfield for the past eight years.

Uncle Leo says he is willing to give \$1,000,000 to defeat LaFollette. There is no question but what he will find plenty that are willing to take the money, whether they deliver the goods or not.

Bert Nason moved into his new carpenter shop on the corner of Third and McKimble street on Saturday and is now nicely settled in his new location. The new shop is 10x20 feet, two stories high, and has an abundance of room for the purpose intended.

Miss Nowatney is going west, and wishes to dispose of her entire stock. Everything going at a great sacrifice beginning May 21st.

Several women in this part of the state have lost their reason because of worry about Hail's corns. Every woman should have such worries to her husband. He can stay out nights and look for corns and other anatomical phenomena without seriously affecting his mind.

For a burn or scald apply Chamberlain's Salve. It will allay the pain almost instantly and quickly heal the injured parts. For sale by Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

Vegetation has not been doing much in this section of the state during the past month. With no rain and freezing nights almost continuously there has not been much of an incentive for things to grow. A nice shower visited this section on Sunday night, and since then the weather has been milder and more moisture has fallen, and there is every indication that vegetation will take a start.

Emil Schmidt of Olympia, Washington, was in the city last Thursday calling on his friends. Mr. Schmidt had been called from his western home to attend the funeral of his sister, Mrs. V. Betlach of Stevens Point, but was delayed by a wreck so that he did not arrive here in time. Mr. Schmidt formerly made his home in this city, but left here about seven years ago, and found many improvements and changes in that length of time.

And now a campaign has been started against the roller towel. Some people have no feelings. They would rather be clean than sentimental. The poor old roller towel, that has stuck to us thru the ages, the towel of our fathers and grandfathers, will no longer decorate the wall over the kitchen sink, a silent but incontrovertible witness of the hours that have passed that way, and perchance washed as they passed. Why it is almost as bad as wanting to change the name of the city.

John D. Rockefeller would go broke if he should spend his entire income trying to prepare a better medicine than Chamberlain's Cough, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for diarrhoea, dysentery or bowel complaints. It is simply impossible, and so says every one that has used it. Sold by all dealers.

Bert McLean went to Marshfield Saturday night to spend Sunday with his people.

A. L. Akoy of Biron was a pleasant caller at the Tribune office on Saturday.

Alvin Miller of Owen is spending the week in the city visiting with relatives and friends.

The Elks held a social dance at their hall on Friday evening, at which there was a good time.

Patrick Micol of Port Edwards transferred business in the city on Saturday. The Tribune acknowledges a pleasant call.

Miss Anna Kuyser and Alida Duquesne left Sunday for a few days visit with friends in Neenah and Menasha.

Miss Anna Holzman of Fond du Lac is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Andrew in the town of Seneca this week.

Supt. D. C. Gile of the Marshfield schools has tendered his resignation and will be succeeded by Prof. C. W. Otto as principal. Prof. Gile has been principal there for five years.

Attorney Glenn Williams went to Madison on Saturday afternoon to visit over Sunday, returning home on Monday with Mrs. Williams and the children, who had been visiting in Madison.

Henry Ruess, who has been in South Dakota for some time past where he has a homestead, has returned to this part of the country again and will make his home here for the present.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Compton, who have been living at Stevens Point for some time, moved back to this city on Monday and are now located on the Miller farm on R. D. 1.

Master John Schumacher entertained about twenty of his young friends on Saturday afternoon, the occasion being his seventh birthday. The afternoon was very pleasantly spent by the little folks.

Albert Schroeder of the town of Seneca was a pleasant caller at the Tribune office on Saturday. Mr. Schroeder expects to move to this city in the near future, having sold his farm in the town of Seneca.

New London Press:—The business men of Grand Rapids, Wis., are advocating changing the name of the city on account of the confusion of mail, freight and express service with Grand Rapids, Mich. It would be a wise move. A mistake was made in the first place in giving these two cities the same name.

Mrs. C. C. Grotton of Randolph was a pleasant caller at the Tribune office on Friday while in the city on business. Mrs. Grotton is a niece of the late Solomon Jannan, whose descendants held a reunion at Milwaukee each year to perpetuate his memory, and if they hold one this year, Mrs. Grotton expects to take part herself.

A witness in a railroad case, asked to tell in his own way how the accident happened, said: "Well, Ole and I was walking down the track, and I heard a whistle and I got off the track, and I didn't see Ole; but I walked along, and pretty soon I seen Ole's hat, and I walked on and I seen one of Ole's legs, and then I seen one of Ole's arms, and then another leg, and then I says, 'My God! Something must have happened to Ole!'"

You Should Ask the Conductor.
—When you visit a city and don't know the way, you should ask a policeman; you'll hear people say; but in getting around if you ride on a car, 'twould be better to ask the conductor by far. Of course a brave officer onto his job, can do you a kindness, or handle a mob; and he knows all the stores where Chi-Namel is sold,—just ask him, you'll find while he's brave, he's not "bold." All varnishes look alike when new but they do not wear alike when old. No one can tell by looking at them which will wear longest. It depends upon what they are made of. We carry and recommend Chi-Namel varnish because they are made of the best material that makes varnish. All colors, all sized packages at our store. Sold by Centralia Hdw. Co.

Salvation Army.
The Salvation Army hold their meetings in the old Wonderland Theatre. Sunday meetings are as follows: Sunday school at 2 p. m., free and away, 3 p. m. Meetings during the week are on Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings. Open air meeting at 7:30. Special singing and singing. Everybody is invited to these services. Seats are free to all. Capt. Bacon and Lieut. McLean, officers in charge of the local work.

Never hesitate about giving Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to children. It contains no opium or other narcotics and can be given with implicit confidence. Ask a quick cure for coughs and colds to which children are susceptible, it is unsurpassed. Sold by all dealers.

Merrill is to have a great Fourth of July celebration this year. The Modern Woodmen of Northwestern Wisconsin will hold their annual picnic there and it is expected that there will be quite a throng.

"The Girl That's All the Candy" failed to materialize at the opera house on Sunday evening as advertised, owing to the fact that the troupe went broke at Portage. The company was a good one when it was all together but it seems that the business was not sufficient to keep it going.

To Minnie Rath.
(Contributed)
Bury her low, where the green grasses blowing.
Will sing a sweet lullaby over her head,
Bury her down where soft breezes mourning
Will whisper a requiem over the dead.

Dead! In the spring of her youth and her beauty!
Dead! When the violets nod to the sky!
Dead! With the promise of all life before her!

She, whom it seemed to us, never ought die!
Cover her eyes with roses and lilies,
Emblems of youth and of innocence, rare!

Lower her down, and strew the earth gently
Over a form so beloved and so fair!

To Save
First deposit a part of your income, then make your living expenses come within what is left.

The person who never saves does just the other way.

He first looks out for his living, intending to save what is left, but there is nothing left.

Start an account today and the compound interest we pay will help you make it grow.

Savings Bank Dep't.
First National Bank
Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

To Please You
Uniform Quality
Highest Grade of Excellence.

Maximum Nutrient.
Delicious Products.
No Baking Failures.

If the above will please you in a flour, VICTORIA is the product you should order of your grocer next time.

"It's the best"—A FACT
Grand Rapids Milling Co.

May 11
Order Limiting Time to Present Claims and Notice to Creditors

In the matter of the estate of Joseph H. Landry, deceased.
Letters of administration on the estate of Joseph H. Landry, late of the city of Grand Rapids, in said County of Wood, deceased, having been duly granted to Little Landry by this Court.

It is ordered, that the time from the date hereof until the 20th day of May, 1910, be and the same is hereby fixed as the time within which all creditors of the said Joseph H. Landry, deceased, shall present their claims for examination and allowance.

It is further ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against the said Joseph H. Landry, deceased, be examined and adjusted before this Court, at its Court Room in the Court House in the City of Grand Rapids, in said County, at the regular term thereof appointed to be held on the first Tuesday of November, 1910, and all creditors are hereby notified thereof.

It is further ordered, that notice of the time and place at which said claims and demands will be examined and adjusted as aforesaid, and of the time above fixed for said creditors to present their claims and demands be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice, for four consecutive weeks, once a week, in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper published in the County of Wood, the first publication to be within fifteen days of the date hereof. Dated this 10th day of May, 1910.

By the Court,
Gegonis, Branson & Rieker, Attys. for Administratrix. W. J. Canaway, County Judge.

A Long Train.
Waupaca Record:—Wednesday morning Conductor Panzer took the longest train of freight cars ever drawn over the Soo line from Fond du Lac to Abbotsford. It contained one hundred and twenty-three cars and was about three-quarters of a mile in length. In places it was twisting and turning around three curves at the same time. The compound acting locomotive was driven by Engineer Baek, who started the monster machine and train as gently as a passenger train leaves the station. The train crew required three of the new motor cabooses for their accommodation.

For More Than Three Decades
Foley's Honey and Tar has been a household favorite for all ailments of the throat, chest and lungs. For infants and children it is best and safest as it contains no opiates and no harmful drugs. None genuine but Foley's Honey and Tar in the yellow package. Refuse substitutes. Johnson & Hill Co. and J. E. Daly.

About the Mills.
At the recent annual meeting of the State Historical society an interesting history on paper making in Wisconsin was read by P. V. Lawson of Menasha. Mr. Lawson said the first paper mill in the state was built at Milwaukee in 1848, at a cost of \$10,000. Speaking of the industry in the Wisconsin River valley he said: "By the year 1890 Wisconsin saw the wood-pulp process enormously developed. The greatly increased use created an enormous demand for the product which the Fox could no longer supply. This led to the growth of the industry in the upper Wisconsin valley, where both wood and water power were accessible. The first mill on the Wisconsin river was built in 1886 below Centralia, by George A. Whiting of Neenah and Frank Steele of Appleton. It is still in operation. Three years later Whiting secured rights at Conant's rapids, below Stevens Point, erected dam and built two great mills. Others are to be found at Grand Rapids, Neenah, Port Edwards, Wausau, Rhineland, Merrill and Tomahawk. All are huge producers, using either ground or sulphite wood pulp. The mill at Rhineland is entirely a Wisconsin product, the machinery being furnished by the Beloit Iron Works. The mills of the Consolidated company at Grand Rapids are operated entirely by electricity."

"In 1908, Mr. Lawson said, the Wisconsin pulp mills used approximately 375,000 cords of wood."

Public Roller Towel Must Go.
The deadly public roller towel must go!

In the May issue of "The Crusader," the monthly publication of the Wisconsin Anti Tuberculosis association, a campaign is started to abolish this filthy type of wiping cloth in public places. The association succeeded in putting the public drinking cup out of business, the ruling of the state board of health effective Sept. 1 being the outgrowth of the society's agitation. The dirty public roller towel is "another grave menace to health and a constant affront to our sensibilities," the publication declares. "The roller towel flourishes in the places where it should not be allowed at all—in public lavatories or hotels, restaurants and similar places frequented by a large number."

"One of the maxims of the anti tubercular crusader is: 'Wash your hands before eating.' If a towel looks as if it had been used by a multitude, don't use it. It is more than likely that one consumptive at least has wiped his hands and perhaps his mouth on that towel. You can better afford to take a chance that your hands are cleaner, so far as infection is concerned, before than after using a dirty public towel."

The Crusader says that reform laws are of little use and are seldom enforced until their reasonableness is thoroughly understood, or before they receive the endorsement of the people in whose behalf they have been enacted. As in the case of the common cup association now is to show the public the dangers of the public roller towel and create a popular demand for its abolition. This campaign has already received much encouragement and it is expected that the roller towel will soon be forced to follow the drinking cup.

A Hard Proposition.
"Will kindness conquer a calf?" asked the Neillsville Republican and Press. Maybe it will if put on thick enough but usually they are as hard to bring into subjection as was Rome in the days of Nero. Years ago when we lived on a farm we attempted on several occasions to act as wet nurse to a calf that was made motherless by the cream saving problem. Our folks were willing enough to divide with the youngster but they wanted to do the milking and get the lid after the milk had taken a rest to which the calf seemed to object and the trouble experienced in trying to make it take nourishment through an index finger was flourished with as many holds as Booll puts on in a wrestling match. If there are six inches of milk in a pail any one knows that ever tried to foster-mother a wild eyed calf that its first attempt is to get its nose to the bottom and then foraging the finger raise its head with both barrels of its nose loaded with breakfast food and proceed to give you a shower bath of milk. You have heard the story of the preacher and the rest of it he owned. Human, like the rest of us, he discovered how to cheat the calf of the cream and so attempted to work a bluff on the calf by offering it his index finger baited with a pail of skim milk. If kindness would conquer we would expect it from a preacher but the story is that the good man broke both suspenders and the commandment that forbids the taking of God's name in vain when you feel hot under the collar. No, kindness will not conquer a weanling calf any more than christian science will replace a wasted lung.—Marshfield News.

Noxious Weeds Menace Many Wisconsin Farms.
"Many farmers of Wisconsin do not realize the seriously increasing areas of noxious weeds in this state," says State Seed Inspector A. L. Stone of the agronomy department of the University of Wisconsin College of Agriculture. "Most farmers do not recognize the noxious weeds when they see them, and allow the weeds to become well established before they realize their serious character. Such weeds, which may be brought in with feeds, farm seeds, hay, etc., may be rapidly spread if once allowed to grow and go to seed. Those who are prompt to discover the character and habits of the new weed will save much labor and worry."

Weeds Identified Free.
Any farmer in the state may have a weed identified at the State Agronomy Experiment Station by collecting and sending a good sample for examination. Methods of eradication or control will be described, and every assistance given in preventing any further spread of a noxious weed.

Specimens should be carefully selected and packed for shipment. When more than one weed is sent at a time, each sample should be numbered and the farmer should keep one of each of the same weeds and number them to correspond with those sent in. This will aid in identifying them after they are named. Plants should be packed in damp material so as to keep them fresh, and flowers and roots should always be included when possible. This is particularly true with grasses, as it is difficult to identify them without the flowers or heads. All samples should be addressed to the Wisconsin Agronomy Experiment Station, Madison, Wis., and marked "Weeds for Identification."

YELLOWSTONE PARK, COLORADO, UTAH AND CALIFORNIA AND NORTH PACIFIC COAST
—Special low round trip rates during the summer months via Chicago, Union Pacific and North Western line to Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, Glenwood Springs and other points in Colorado; the Yellowstone Park, and to Salt Lake City, San Francisco, Los Angeles, San Diego, Portland, Tacoma, Seattle, Vancouver, and other points on the Pacific Coast; also to Wyoming and the Black Hills.

Luxuriously equipped fast trains. Choice of routes. Liberal stop-overs and return limits. Rates, dates and descriptive matter on application to ticket agents, The North Western Line.—22

Going at Cost.
—We are going to move and in order to save expense will dispose of our line of bicycles at a very low price. Come and look them over. Also low prices on our other goods. Geo. F. Krieger & Co.

Typewriter Paper.
We have eight different kinds at the Tribune office, all standard goods of the best make in the country. Also cover paper. We can save you money on typewriter paper. Come in and see what we have.

A touch of rheumatism, or a twinge of neuralgia, whatever the trouble is, Chamberlain's Liniment drives away the pain at once and cures the complaint quickly. First application gives relief. Sold by all dealers.

F. G. GILKEY
FIRE INSURANCE
Office in the Wood Block over Wood County Drug Store, Room 10, Tel. 300

GEO. W. BAKER & SON
UNDERTAKERS AND LICENSED EMBALMERS
105 North Second street, east Grand Rapids, Wis. Business phone 401, night calls 402

DR. E. L. GRAVES
DENTIST
Office in the MacKinnon Block, Office phone 254

La France
SHOE FOR WOMEN
The Inspiration of New Styles

This year the designers of women's shoes have surpassed all previous achievements. From the world's fashion centers have come models of bewitching grace and beauty

The most exclusive of these styles you will find carefully duplicated in this season's La France designs, together with some original creations.

We have all styles, in all leathers, for all occasions

THE MUIR SHOE CO.

GOOD HEALTH
Is reflected in person who couple a careful, wholesome diet with the moderate use of an invigorating, healthful food beverage like

GRAND RAPIDS BEER
The ruddy good nature manifest in those who indulge in an occasional good glass of beer, like Grand Rapids Beer, is proverbial. They are good natured because they have gained strength, health and vigor from its use. In striking contrast are the pessimistic coffee or tea drinkers and the optimistic beer drinker.

Try our beer. It is the acme of healthful liquid refreshments.

Grand Rapids Brewing Co.
A Home Industry
Phone 177

J. J. JEFFREY
LAWYER
Loans and Collections. Commercial and Probate Law. Office over Gross & Lyons. Tel. 251

DR. D. A. TELFER
DENTIST
Office over Wood County National Bank on the east side, Grand Rapids, Wis. Tel. 260

Centralia Hdw. Co.

For Sale Only By

Centralia Hdw. Co.

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La France
SHOE FOR WOMEN
The Inspiration of New Styles

This year the designers of women's shoes have surpassed all previous achievements. From the world's fashion centers have come models of bewitching grace and beauty

The most exclusive of these styles you will find carefully duplicated in this season's La France designs, together with some original creations.

We have all styles, in all leathers, for all occasions

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Centralia

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Joe Henry received a part of his new soda fountain fixtures on Monday and the same have been placed in Mrs. Ben Wheeler of New Rome was among the callers at the Tribune office on Friday while in the city on business.

Wilbur Hirschfeld left on Monday for the west, it being his intention to look up a location where he could go into business for himself.

Mrs. J. Parley departed on Thursday for Chamberlain, S. D., where she will spend several weeks visiting her sister, Francis, who is employed there as a trained nurse.

Geo. Anderson, formerly agent for the St. Paul Ry. here, but for the past several years located at Oshkosh, has been promoted to the position of traveling agent for the road.

Get your papering, decorating, painting, kalsomining, graining and get your house painted at a reasonable price. Let me figure on your work. Nels. Larancie, Telephone call 59, residence No. 662 South 10th St.

Charles Halvorsen, who is located at Rhinelander, where he has charge of the clothing department in a large store, spent Monday in the city visiting his family and other relatives and friends.

Mrs. Henry Wagner departed on Thursday night for Watertown, S. D., where she will spend a week visiting with her husband, who is employed out there at the carpenter trade.

L. E. Wilcox, an experienced dry goods salesman, has accepted a position with Johnson & Hill Co. Mr. Wilcox has been in charge of Ross Bros. store at Marshfield for the past eight years.

Uncle Joe says he is willing to give \$1,000,000 to defeat LaFollette. There is no question but what he will find plenty that are willing to take the money, whether they deliver the goods or not.

Port Nason moved into his new carpenter shop on the corner of Third avenue and McKinley street on Saturday and is now nicely settled in his new location. The new shop is 40x60 feet, two stories high, and has an abundance of room for the purpose intended.

Miss Nowatney is going west, and wishes to dispose of her entire stock. Everything going at a great sacrifice beginning May 21st.

Several women in this part of the state have lost their reason because of worry about Halley's comet. Every woman should leave such worries to her husband. He can stay out nights and look for comets and other astronomical phenomena without seriously affecting his mind.

For a burn or scald apply Chamberlain's Salve. It will ally the pain almost instantly and quickly heal the injured parts. For sale by Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

Vegetation has not been doing much in this section of the state during the past month. With no rain and freezing nights almost continuously there has not been much of an incentive for things to grow. A nice shower visited this section on Sunday night, and since then the weather has been milder and more moisture has fallen, and there is every indication that vegetation will take a start.

Enil Schmidt of Olympia, Washington, was in the city last Thursday calling on his friends. Mr. Schmidt had been called from his western home to attend the funeral of his sister, Mrs. V. Betlach of Stevens Point, but was delayed by a wreck so that he did not arrive here in time. Mr. Schmidt formerly made his home in this city, but left here about seven years ago, and found many improvements and changes in that length of time.

And now a campaign has been started against the roller towel. Some people have no feelings. They would rather be clean than sentimental. The poor old roller towel, that has stuck to us thru the ages, the towel of our fathers and grandfathers, will no longer decorate the wall over the kitchen sink, a silent but incontrovertible witness of the hours that have passed that way, and perchance washed as they passed. Why it is almost as bad as wanting to change the name of the city.

John D. Rockefeller would go broke if he should spend his entire income trying to prepare a better medicine than Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for diarrhoea, dysentery or bowel complaints. It is simply impossible, and so says every one that has used it. Sold by all dealers.

Bert McLees went to Marshfield Saturday night to spend Sunday with his people.

A. L. Akey of Biron was a pleasant caller at the Tribune office on Saturday.

Alvin Milner of Owen is spending the week in the city visiting with relatives and friends.

The Elks held a social dance at their hall on Friday evening, at which there was a good time.

Patrick Miskell of Port Edwards transacted business in the city on Saturday. The Tribune acknowledges a pleasant call.

Miss Anna Holzman of Fond du Lac is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Andrew in the town of Seneca this week.

Supt. D. C. Gile of the Marshfield schools has tendered his resignation and will be succeeded by Prof. C. W. Otto as principal. Prof. Gile has been principal there for five years.

Attorney Glenn Williams went to Madison on Saturday afternoon to visit over Sunday, returning home on Monday with Mrs. Williams and the children, who had been visiting in Madison.

Henry Ruess, who has been in South Dakota for some time past where he has a homestead, has returned to this part of the country again and will make his home here for the present.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Compton, who have been living at Stevens Point for some time, moved back to this city on Monday and are now located on the Miller farm on R. D. 1.

Master John Schumacher entertained about twenty of his young friends on Saturday afternoon, the occasion being his seventh birthday. The afternoon was very pleasantly spent by the little folks.

Albert Schroeder of the town of Seneca was a pleasant caller at the Tribune office on Saturday. Mr. Schroeder expects to move to the city in the near future, having sold his farm in the town of Seneca.

Now London Press:—The business men of Grand Rapids, Wis., are advocating changing the name of the city on account of the confusion of mail, freight and express service with Grand Rapids, Mich. It would be a wise move. A mistake was made in the first place in giving these two cities the same name.

Mrs. C. C. Crotteau of Randolph was a pleasant caller at the Tribune office on Friday while in the city on business. Mrs. Crotteau is a niece of the late Solomon Juncos, whose descendants hold a reunion at Milwaukee each year to perpetuate his memory, and if they hold one this year, Mrs. Crotteau expects to take part herself.

A witness in a railroad case, asked to tell in his own way how the accident happened, said: "Well, Ole and I was walking down the track, and I heard a whistle and I got off the track, and I didn't see Ole; but I walked along, and pretty soon I seen Ole's hat, and I walked on and I seen one of Ole's legs, and then another leg, and then I says, 'My God! Something must have happened to Ole!'"

You Should Ask the Conductor. —When you visit a city and don't know the way, you should "ask a policeman" you'll hear people say; but in getting around if you ride on a car, "wouldn't be better to ask the conductor by far. Of course a brave officer onto his job, can do you a kindness, or handle a mob; and he knows all the stores where Chi-Namel is sold,—just ask him, you'll find while he's brave, he's not "bold." All varnishes look alike when new but they do not wear alike when old. No one can tell by looking at them which will wear longest. It depends upon what they are made of. We carry and recommend Chi-Namel varnishes because they are made of the best material that makes varnish. All colors, all sized packages at our store. Sold by Centralia Hdw. Co.

Salvation Army. The Salvation Army hold their meetings in the old Wonderland Theatre. Sunday meetings are as follows: Sunday school at 2 p. m., free and easy. 3 p. m. Salvation meeting and at 8 p. m. Meetings during the week are on Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings. Open air meeting at 7:30. Special speaking and singing. Everybody is invited to these services. Seats are free to all. Capt. Bacon and Lieut. McLean, officers in charge of the local work.

Never hesitate about giving Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to children. It contains no opium or other narcotics and can be given with implicit confidence. As a quick cure for coughs, colds and to which children are susceptible, it is unsurpassed. Sold by all dealers.

Merrill is to have a great Fourth of July celebration this year. The Modern Woodmen of Northeastern Wisconsin will hold their annual picnic there and it is expected that there will be quite a time.

"The Girl That's All the Candy" failed to materialize at the opera house on Sunday evening as advertised, owing to the fact that the troupe went broke at Portage. The company was a good one when it was all together but it seems that the business was not sufficient to keep it going.

To Minnie Rath.

Bury her low, where the green grasses blow,
Will sing a sweet lullaby over her head.
Bury her down where soft breezes moan,
Will whisper a requiem over the dead.
Dead! In the spring of her youth and her beauty!
Dead! When the violets nod to the sky!
Dead! With the promise of all life before her!
She, whom it seemed to us, never ought die!
Cover her bier with roses and lilies,
Emblems of youth and of innocence, rare!
Lower her down, and strew the earth gently
Over a form so beloved and so fair!

To Save

First deposit a part of your income,—then make your living expenses come within what is left.

The person who never saves does just the other way.

He first looks out for his living, intending to save what is left,—but there is nothing left.

Start an account today and the compound interest we pay will help you make it grow.

Savings Bank Dep't.

First National Bank

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

To PLEASE YOU

Uniform Quality
Highest Grade of Excellence.

Maximum Nutriments.
Delicious Products.
No Baking Failures.

If the above will please you in a flour, VICTORIA is the product you should order of your grocer next time.

'It's the best'—A FACT

Grand Rapids Milling Co.

May 11. Order Limiting Time to Present Claims and Notice to Creditors.

State of Wisconsin, Wood County, in County Court.

In the matter of the estate of Joseph H. Landry, deceased.

It is further ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Joseph H. Landry, deceased, be presented to the undersigned, at the Court House in the City of Grand Rapids, in said County of Wood, on or before the first day of May, 1910.

Witness my hand and the seal of said Court, this 10th day of May, 1910.

By the Court, W. J. Conway, County Judge.

Attest: J. E. Daly, Clerk of Court.

For More Than Three Decades Foley's Honey and Tar has been a household favorite for all ailments of the throat, chest and lungs. For infants and children it is best and safest, as it contains no opiates and no harmful drugs. None genuine, but Foley's Honey and Tar in the yellow package. Refuse substitutes. Johnson & Hill Co. and J. E. Daly.

About Paper Mills.

At the recent annual meeting of the State Historical society an interesting history on paper making in Wisconsin was read by P. V. Lawson of Menasha. Mr. Lawson said the first paper mill in the state was built at Milwaukee in 1848, at a cost of \$10,000. Speaking of the industry he said: "The Wisconsin River valley has been the wood-pulp process enormously developed. The greatly increased demand for the product which the Fox could no longer supply. This led to the growth of the industry in the upper Wisconsin valley, where both wood and water power were accessible."

The first mill on the Wisconsin river was built in 1886 below Centralia, by George A. Whiting of Neenah and Frank Steele of Appleton. It is still in operation. Three years later Whiting secured rights at Conant's rapids, below Stevens Point, erected dams and built two great mills. Others are to be found at Grand Rapids, Neenah, Port Edwards, Wausau, Rhinelander, Merrill and Tomahawk. All are huge producers, using either ground or sulphite wood pulp. The mill at Rhinelander is entirely a Wisconsin product, the machinery being furnished by the Beloit Iron Works. The mills of the Consolidated company at Grand Rapids are operated entirely by electricity.

"In 1908, Mr. Lawson said, the Wisconsin pulp mills used approximately 375,000 cords of wood."

Public Roller Towel Must Go.

The deadly public roller towel must go! In the May issue of "The Crusader," the monthly publication of the Wisconsin Anti Tuberculosis association, a campaign is started to abolish this filthy type of wiping cloth in public places. The association succeeded in putting the public drinking cup out of business, the ruling of the state board of health effective Sept. 1 being the outgrowth of the society's agitation. The dirty public roller towel is "another grave menace to health and a constant affront to our sensibilities," the publication declares. "The roller towel flourishes in the places where it should not be allowed at all—in public lavatories or hotels, restaurants and similar places frequented by a large number."

"One of the maxims of the anti tuberculosis crusader is: 'Wash your hands before eating.' If a towel looks as if it had been used by a multitude, don't use it. It is more than likely that one and perhaps at least has wiped his hands and perhaps his mouth on that towel. You can better afford to take a chance that your hands are cleaner, so far as infection is concerned, before than after using a dirty public towel."

The Crusader says that reform laws are of little use and are seldom enforced until their reasonableness is thoroughly understood, or before they receive the endorsement of the people in whose behalf they have been enacted. As in the case of the common or public drinking cup, the aim of the association now is to show the public the danger of the public roller towel and create a popular demand for its abolition. This campaign has already received much encouragement and it is expected that the roller towel will soon be forced to follow the drinking cup.

A Hard Proposition.

"Will kindness conquer a calf?" asked the Neillsville Republican and Press. Maybe it will if put on thick enough but usually they are as hard to bring into subjection as was Rome in the days of Nero. Years ago when we lived on a farm we attempted on several occasions to act as wet nurse to a calf that was made motherless by the cream saving problem. Our folks were willing enough to divide with the youngster but they wanted to do the milking and get the lid after the milk had taken a rest to which the calf seemed to object and the trouble experienced in trying to make it take nourishment through an index finger were flourished with as many holds as Beell puts on in a wrestling match. If there are six inches of milk in a pail any one knows that ever tried to foster-mother a wild eyed calf that its first attempt is to get its nose to the bottom and then forgetting the finger raise its head with both barrels of its nose loaded with breakfast food and proceed to give you a shower bath of milk. You have heard the story of the preacher and the pet calf he owned. Human, like the rest of us, he discovered how to cheat the calf of the cream and so attempted to work a bluff on the calf by offering it his index finger baited with a pail of skim milk. If kindness would conquer, we would expect it from a preacher but the story is that the good man broke both suspenders and the commandment that forbids the taking of God's name in vain when you feel hot under the collar. No, kindness will not conquer a weanling calf any more than christian science will replace a wasted lung. —Marshfield News.

A Long Train.

Waupaca Record:—Wednesday morning Conductor Panzer took the longest train of freight cars ever drawn over the Soo line from Fond du Lac to Abbotsford. It contained one hundred and twenty-three cars and was about three-quarters of a mile in length. In places it was twisting and turning around three curves at the same time. The conductor acting locomotive, giant, was driven by Engineer Beck, who started the monster machine and train as gently as a passenger train leaves the station. The train crew required three of the new roomy cabooses for their accommodation.

For More Than Three Decades Foley's Honey and Tar has been a household favorite for all ailments of the throat, chest and lungs. For infants and children it is best and safest, as it contains no opiates and no harmful drugs. None genuine, but Foley's Honey and Tar in the yellow package. Refuse substitutes. Johnson & Hill Co. and J. E. Daly.

Noxious Weeds Menace Many Wisconsin Farms.

"Many farmers of Wisconsin do not realize the seriously increasing areas of noxious weeds in this state," says State Seed Inspector A. L. Stone of the agronomy department of the University of Wisconsin College of Agriculture. "Most farmers do not recognize the noxious weeds when they see them, and allow the weeds to become well established before they realize their serious character. Such weeds, which may be brought in with seeds, farm seeds, hay, etc., may be rapidly spread if once allowed to grow and go to seed. Those who are prompt to discover the character and habits of the new weed will save much labor and worry."

Weeds Identified Free.

Any farmer in the state may have a weed identified at the State Agricultural Experiment Station by collecting and sending a good sample for examination. Methods of eradication or control will be described, and every assistance given in preventing any further spread of a noxious weed. Specimens should be carefully selected and packed for shipment. When more than one weed is sent at a time, each sample should be numbered and the farmer should keep one of each of the same weeds and number them to correspond with those sent in. This will aid in identifying them after they are named. Plants should be packed in damp material so as to keep them fresh, and flowers and roots should always be included when possible. This is particularly true with grasses, as it is difficult to identify them without the flowers or heads. All samples should be addressed to the Wisconsin Agricultural Experiment Station, Madison, Wis., and marked "Weeds for Identification."

YELLOWSTONE PARK, COLORADO, UTAH AND CALIFORNIA AND NORTH PACIFIC COAST

Special low round trip rates during the summer months via Chicago, Union Pacific and North Western Line to Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, Glenwood Springs and other points in Colorado; the Yellowstone Park, and to Salt Lake City, San Francisco, Los Angeles, San Diego, Portland, Tacoma, Seattle, Vancouver, and other points on the Pacific Coast; also to Wyoming and the Black Hills.

Luxuriously equipped fast trains. Choice of routes. Liberal stop-overs and return limits. Rates, dates and descriptive matter on application to ticket agents, The North Western Line.—2t

Going at Cost.

—We are going to move and in order to save expense will dispose of our line of bicycles at a very low price. Come and look them over. Also low prices on our other goods. Geo. F. Krieger & Co.

Typewriter Paper.

We have eight different kinds at the Tribune office, all standard goods of the best make in the country. Also cover paper. We can save you money on typewriter paper. Come in and see what we have.

A touch of rheumatism, or a twinge of neuralgia, whatever the trouble is, Chamberlain's Liniment drives away the pain at once and cures the complaint quickly. First application gives relief. Sold by all dealers.

F. G. GILKEY

FIRE INSURANCE
Office in the Wood Block over Wood County Drug Store. Room 16. Tel. 309

GEO. W. BAKER & SON

UNDERTAKERS AND LICENSED EMBALMERS
105 North Second street, east Grand Rapids, Wis. Business 'phone 401, night calls 402

DR. E. L. GRAVES

DENTIST
Office in the Mackinon Block. Office 'phone 254

La France

SHOE for WOMEN
The Inspiration of New Styles

This year the designers of women's shoes have surpassed all previous achievements. From the world's fashion centers have come models of bewitching grace and beauty. The most exclusive of these styles you will find carefully duplicated in this season's La France designs, together with some original creations.

We have all styles, in all leathers, for all occasions

THE MUIR SHOE CO.

GOOD HEALTH

Is reflected in person who couple a careful, wholesome diet with the moderate use of an invigorating, healthful food beverage like

GRAND RAPIDS BEER

The ruddy good nature manifest in those who indulge in an occasional good glass of beer, like **Grand Rapids Beer**, is proverbial. They are good natured because they have gained strength, health and vigor from its use. In striking contrast are the pessimistic coffee or tea drinkers and the optimistic beer drinker.

Try our beer. It is the acme of healthful liquid refreshments.

Grand Rapids Brewing Co.

A Home Industry

Phone 177



SERIOUS THOUGHT

Should be given to the purchase of LUMBER

We have on hand at all times an immense quantity of all high grade lumber. We anticipate requirements and supply

WHITE and YELLOW PINE, OAK, ASH and all HARDWOODS, FLOORING, SIDING, SHINGLES, SASH, DOORS, BLINDS and MOULDINGS.

And everything needed for a house, strictly on time and at special prices. Favor yourself by calling.

KELLOGG BROS. LUMBER CO.
GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN



Miss China Lee
You soon will see
Is just as neat as she
can be.

The reason why
You soon will spy:
CHI-NAMEL is her
old standby.

CHI-NAMEL is a liquid finish for floors, interior woodwork and furniture that is far superior to any other made. It is used by the Chinese to give their fine brilliant finish to their bamboo and other wares, which withstand bending and banging, without cracking or marring the brilliant and glossy finish.

It comes in all the hard wood finishes, such as Oak, Walnut, Cherry, Mahogany, Rosewood, Satinwood, etc., and will withstand hot and cold water and soap.

We will boil it in water for you or pound it with a hammer, and will guarantee that what we sell you will stand the same test.

FOR SALE ONLY BY

CENTRALIA HDW. CO.

J. J. JEFFREY

LAWYER

Loans and Collections. Commercial and Probate Law. Office over Gross & Lyons. Tel. 251

DR. D. A. TELFER

DENTIST

Office over Wood County National Bank on the east side, Grand Rapids, Wis. Tel. 269

KRUGER & WARNER CO.

"THE HOME OF BETTER CLOTHES"

Want you to investigate their Superior line of Navy Blue and Black Suits, made by the most skilled tailors in the business. This means much. It means you get in a \$20, \$22.50, \$25, \$28 or \$30 suit as much QUALITY, SKILL and WORKMANSHIP as the average custom tailor can give at from \$30 to \$45; in other words we can save you on the same material about \$10 to \$15 on each suit. If you are doubtful about this ask some of our customers who have tried both, and are now some of our BEST customers. It takes time to convince people sometimes, but EXPERIENCE is the best EDUCATOR, and we are always pleased to put them on our list and do all in our power to treat them in such a manner as to merit their confidence and esteem. We would like to convince some others who are SKEPTICAL if they will give us the opportunity. Come in and we will demonstrate this to you.

ALWAYS ANXIOUS TO PLEASE

KRUGER & WARNER CO.

Grand Rapids, Wis.

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Absolutely Pure

Grapes—
delicious, healthful—
give the most valuable ingredient, the active principle, to

ROYAL Baking Powder

Insures wholesome and delicious food for every day in every home
NO ALUM

BY DRUMS & SUTOR.
GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN.
CLUB TO PROMOTE HAPPINESS.

All clubs exist to make people comfortable and happy—they can have no other reason of being—but London has a new club which specializes in happiness, so to speak," says Chicago Record-Herald. None but the happy can belong to it, none but those who seek happiness will be permitted to "have a good cry" in order to realize happiness. The idea of such a club, it seems, was suggested by the splendid success of Maeterlinck's charming and beautiful poem play, "The Blue Bird." This is a delicious fantasy for children and adults alike, and it teaches the truth that happiness lies near at hand, in one's home and immediate surroundings, rather than in distant unreachable plans and ambitions. Those who deliberately and assiduously seek happiness fail to find it, or find it only when, after many disappointments and chattering illusions, they return home apparently empty-handed. It may seem at first that the moral of Maeterlinck's play lies in the seeking of happiness in a club as well as in any other external, material thing, but we must not be too hasty and too pedantic. There is no reason why people with the gentle, happy smiles should not flock together and afford an example to those of us who worry and fret and take the too tragically of unhappiness too gloomily.

This being the centennial year of the independence of various South American republics, the people of the United States will have ample opportunity for demonstrating sympathy and goodwill. Chile has invited our government to participate in a celebration to be held next September, and the authorities at Washington have accepted. A division of the Pacific fleet, including several of the finest ships of the navy will rendezvous on the Chilean coast and will take part in the display on the occasion. An arrangement has already been made to have our government represented at a similar observance in Argentina to take place earlier, the United States delegation may go to Chile to give further proof of interest in the later demonstration. All these exercises are full of promise as tending to strengthen the good relations between the United States and the Latin American nations.

In spite of everything, some Americans can manage to save something. William Harbord, secretary of the Savings Bank Section of the American Bankers' association, has made public a compilation from reports of the national monetary commission, showing that the average deposit in American savings banks is almost four times as great as the average for Europe, Asia, Africa, Oceania, Canada, etc., and that the average deposit per capita is almost four times greater in the United States than in the other portions of the world mentioned. The statistics place the total savings deposits in the world at \$16,389,672,014, and of this enormous sum \$5,678,755,379 belongs to prudent and thrifty Americans.

Embarrassing situations are bound to grow out of the common use of wireless telegraphy, and the sooner international regulation is established the better it will be for all concerned. When the Italian steamer, Duca d'Aosta, was at sea on her recent trip her operator "picked up" a dispatch warning one of her passengers to beware of arrest in Sicily. This made the captain suspicious and he sent an aerogram to the chief of police at Naples, who is now trying to discover what it all means. There may have been sound reasons for this display of interest in this particular case, but the incident shows how easily a practical joker could bring down serious trouble upon the head of an innocent sea voyager.

That "\$500" clerk who wrote to Secretary MacVough that he had saved the government two cents in ink by not dotting his I's or crossing his I's spoiled all his economy by writing an unnecessary and foolish letter, thereby using up ink that might have been saved.

A Long Island surrogate has decided that a gentleman may get drunk at least three times a year. But what some of them would like to know is how many times may a gentleman get drunk and still be a gentleman.

A fire has just been put out after it had burned for fifty years and consumed \$2,000,000,000 worth of good real estate. It will take the consumers a long time to get it paid for.

So the "sub-conscious self" is to enter into litigation arising from marital infidelities? How far-reaching the psychological implications of life today are.

Only less ghastly than the horror itself are the excuses that come after it.

The supply of George Washington anecdotes is rather meager owing to the fact that he lived in a time of very limited magazine enterprise.

It begins to look now as though more people will try to raise chickens than sweet peas in their back yards this summer.

An effort to shock Chicago with barefoot dancing failed. Chicago was the home of the original "Allday paltance."

One of the scientists announces that the germs in a dish of ice cream outnumber the germs in a kiss three to one. Still, a good deal may depend upon the ice cream and the kiss.

They announce that there is to be a "shortage in bed springs" as solemnly as if our six-foot citizens had never experienced such a thing before.

We learn from Malus woods that deer are not decreasing in that state. How about the hunters?

TAFT DEFENDS COURT

TELLS ST. LOUIS BUSINESS MEN "DEMOGOGIC GANT" IS A PERIL.

ASKS FOR SQUARE DEAL

President Defends Supreme Court Against Charge That It Favors Corporations—Takes Bryan to Task for Opposing Hughes.

St. Louis, Mo., June 12.—President Taft gave a vigorous denunciation of William J. Bryan for the latter's criticism of the appointment of Gov. Charles E. Hughes of New York as associate justice of the United States Supreme court. Mr. Taft decried the "cant of the demagogue" and the "disposition of public journals" to make unjust charges against men in public life. "All I am speaking for is justice and a square deal," he said, "not especially for myself, for, indeed, I am in a position where I can get along better than most of the rest without it. But I am appealing for justice in dealing with all citizens."

Mr. Taft was speaking at a luncheon given by the Business Men's league. The president's reception here developed the greatest enthusiasm that has been displayed toward him on the present trip. A great crowd welcomed him on his arrival in the Union station and the street was well lined with cheer and flag-waving enthusiasm as he was driven to the St. Louis club, where he was entertained at breakfast.

From the club the president went to the Colonnade, where he addressed a not particularly enthusiastic gathering of farmers, who had piled the back of a luncheon at the Southern Hotel.

A luncheon at the Southern Hotel followed, after which the automobile procession, with the president at the head, proceeded first to the National league grounds, where the Cardinals were pitted against Cincinnati, and afterward to the American league grounds, where the Browns were engaged in a contest with the Cleveland. Only a short time was spent at each park.

In the evening President Taft was the guest of honor and principal speaker at the banquet of the St. Louis Traffic club.

In his address before the Business Men's club the president said in part: "Now, I do not like to be incensed in my remarks, or to quote what may have been a misquotation, but I did hear or see a criticism of my appointment on the ground, as I understand it, that the appointee was not an honorable man of wealth and corporations. I think perhaps that criticism has been misunderstood and that the utterer of it did not intend to give it the meaning that this stated it seems to have. I believe that with all Democrats and Republicans, who are patriotic citizens, and we are all that, are in favor of having open and just benches, men who are free of nothing but what is wrong and are in favor of equal justice to everyone, whether that be an organization of men doing business under the law and using the instrumentality of a corporation to promote the industries of the country, or be the humblest citizen struggling with his hands to earn a livelihood for his family."

"I do not mean to say that men by their habits of life may not acquire a bent or a prejudice in one direction or another, and that it is not as wise to select for the highest tribunal men who have not such a bent and who have not in their makeup the danger of prejudice to one interest or against another. But I do mean to say that there is in the public journals, and in what I may call the cant of the demagogue a disposition to charge that kind of a bent in favor of corporate wealth and corporate greed and corporate monopoly when there is no justice for the charge at all."

Cincinnati.—President Taft's home city greeted him with open arms Tuesday. Practically every hour, and most of the intervening minutes between his arrival and the time set for his departure for St. Louis were provided for. The only time allotted to his private affairs was the period between 12:30 and 1:00, when he arrived four minutes late, and upon which he put in at the residence of his brother, Charles P. Taft. The president was given a mighty welcome home by a crowd that awaited his train and the drive from the station to his brother's home was one continuous ovation.

Millionaire's Death Postpones Strike. Seattle, Wash.—Andrew Homich, millionaire brewer, died at a hospital here and his death has postponed the strike of the brewery workers of western Washington.

Chinese Riots Cease. Washington.—Rioting in Hunan province in China has been suppressed, according to cable reports received at the state department from Minister Calhoun at Peking.

Prepared Her Own Shroud. Wabash, Ind.—Mrs. Eva Simon, ninety-five years old, was buried Wednesday in a shroud and burial outfit which she prepared 68 years ago for her funeral. All these years she kept her burial clothing in condition.

Easier Divorce Bill Passed. Albany, N. Y.—The assembly Wednesday passed without dissent the uniform divorce bill. It provides for a broader recognition of divorces granted by other states and for substitute service in divorce actions.

Dynamite in Fuel Kils Woman. Philadelphia.—Mrs. Yetta Friedman, seventy years old, was killed Monday by an explosion of what is believed to have been dynamite in the range of her home. It is believed that the explosive was placed in the fuel by one of the householders.

Senate Confirms Hughes. Washington.—Charles E. Hughes, governor of New York, was Monday confirmed by the senate to be associate justice of the Supreme court of the United States.

Long Island Is Shaken. New York.—Reports of a distinct earthquake shock came from various points in central Long Island Sunday. The disturbance is said to have begun at 3 p. m. and there were distinct and continuous tremors.

Errs in Census Data; Ends Life. Indianapolis.—Because she had made a trifling mistake in her report to the census enumerator and feared arrest, Mrs. Julius V. Chilton, forty-one years old, committed suicide Saturday by hanging at her home here.

STATE RESTS IN HYDE TRIAL

MRS. MARGARET SWOPE TELLS HER STORY TO JURY.

She Contradicts Defense's Declaration Concerning Division of Colonel's Estate.

Kansas City, Mo., June 12.—Mrs. Margaret Swope, widow of Logan O. Swope, told her story to the jury in the trial of her son-in-law, Dr. B. C. Hyde, for the murder of Col. Thomas H. Swope, her brother-in-law.

After describing the events between September 12 and December 18, she told with much feeling of receiving from her son, Thomas, the fragments of evidence he had found in the snow where Doctor Hyde had thrown them. Mrs. Swope told how she fastened the pieces to a card and soon afterwards telephoned for J. G. Paxton, her attorney. She washed her son's hand after smothering the fingers. The odor suggested alibis.

Mrs. Swope said that she, Doctor Hyde and Colonel Hyatt discussed the residuary estate which Colonel Swope intended to leave to some charity. They talked of how the estate would be divided among the relatives, if the will remained unchanged. This contradicted the defense's declaration that when Colonel Swope died Mrs. Hyde and her husband did not know whether or not they would receive anything.

Mrs. Swope described the seizure of Mose Hinton and his death from asphyxiation. Her voice faltered frequently and she was obliged to cease speaking for a few seconds to regain control of her emotions.

Doctor Hyde and Mrs. Hyde, a few feet away, watched her closely and listened eagerly to every word.

With Mrs. Swope's testimony in the state rested its case.

BASEBALL AUTO RACERS HURT

Five Friends of Honus Wagner Are Hurled Over Embankment Near Pittsburgh.

Pittsburgh, Pa.—Speeding along the Noblestown pike at 40 miles an hour, an automobile owned by Dr. E. G. Hunter, former burgess of Carnegie, containing five passengers, while racing Honus Wagner's car, jumped over a 60-foot embankment, plunged to the bottom and turned turtle, plunging the occupants under the wrecked car. All the occupants were seriously injured.

The wrecked car was racing "Honus" Wagner's machine as the driver had returned from the game.

The injured were taken to Carnegie in automobiles. While running through took Wagner's car run down and seriously injured the ten-year-old daughter of John Hartnet.

ROCKEFELLER STORY DENIED

Starr J. Murphy Declares Standard Oil President Has Not Abandoned Foundation Plans.

New York.—A press dispatch from Washington announced that John D. Rockefeller had abandoned the idea of securing a national charter for his proposed foundation. Starr J. Murphy, personal counsel for Mr. Rockefeller, and speaking for the Standard Oil president, said the statement was entirely without foundation. Mr. Murphy also said that Mr. Rockefeller had nothing to do with the "Economic and General Foundation," for which a charter is being sought from the New York legislature for "an aged man of wealth," said to have \$2,500,000 to spend on charity.

MARY HARRIMAN TO MARRY

Informal Betrothal Announcement Gives Charles Rumsey, Sculptor, as Prospective Husband.

New York.—An informal announcement was made of the engagement of Miss Mary Harriman, daughter of Mrs. E. H. Harriman, one of the richest women in the world, and Charles Cary Rumsey, a sculptor, and son of Lawrence D. Rumsey of Buffalo.

Mary Harriman is one of the six children who will inherit one of the world's vast fortunes. When E. H. Harriman died, September 9, 1909, he left all his real and personal property to his wife, and she immediately assumed the active management of his estate.

Big Fire in Japanese City. London.—A dispatch from Kobe states that 8,000 houses, all the public offices and three banks at Aomori, northern Japan, were burned Tuesday. Thirty thousand persons are homeless. Sixteen were killed and many injured. The loss is estimated at \$10,000,000.

Price of Sugar Goes Up. New York.—All grades of refined sugars were advanced ten cents per 100 pounds.

Standard Oil Fire Upheld. New York.—The United States court of appeals Tuesday affirmed the decree of the circuit court in which the Standard Oil company was fined \$26,000 by a jury for violation of the interstate commerce law.

Big Dairy Plant Burns. Cincinnati.—Several buildings constituting the major part of the plant of the William G. Funko Dairy company in Hyde Park district of this city were destroyed by fire Tuesday. Loss, \$75,000.

Peary to Get Medal. London.—Commander Robert E. Peary came here Monday to receive the gold medal from the Royal Geographical society and to deliver his lecture on his trip to the north pole. He will receive the medal Wednesday.

Mine Bureau Bill Passed. Washington.—The senate passed a bill Monday, which had already passed the house, to create a bureau of mines in the interior department. The bureau will investigate the causes of mine explosions.

Must Pay Tax on Extra Wives. Brussels.—A tax on polygamy of 40 cents on every wife over the first five among the reforms to be introduced into the Congo after July 1 next, when a large area will be opened to free trade.

Trading Stamps for Brides. New York.—Justice of the Peace William A. Purcell of Jersey City is advertising in a newspaper there that he will give 1,000 trading stamps to each couple he marries between now and July 1.

HAVE YOU EVER NOTICED



That If the Girls Have to Run After Them Before Marriage They're Likely to Have the Same Trouble Later?

RUTH BRYAN LEAVITT WEDDED

BECOMES WIFE OF LIEUTENANT REGINALD OWEN.

All Information Concerning Wedding Withheld—Former Husband Delivers Lecture.

Lincoln, Neb.—Lieut. Reginald Owen and Mrs. Ruth Bryan Leavitt were married at Fairbury. The strictest secrecy was maintained. All information concerning the wedding was withheld.

This privacy, it is presumed, was prompted by the desire of the family to forestall any embarrassments such



Mrs. Ruth Bryan Leavitt.

as might result from the interference of William Homer Leavitt, the former artist husband of Mrs. Leavitt.

It was intimated that Lieutenant Owen and his bride will depart at once for Jamaica and thence go to Europe.

Toledo, O.—W. H. Leavitt, former husband of Ruth Bryan, did not go to Fairbury to stop the marriage of Ruth, as predicted, but stayed here and delivered a lecture at the local Y. M. C. A. Mr. Leavitt sent the following messages, however, to Fairbury:

"Hon. William Jennings Bryan: Please contradict all statements that I intend to stop Ruth's wedding. Wish her as much happiness as she has given me unhappiness. I intend to do everything possible to have my children brought up in the United States under my care."

A telegram was also sent to Ruth as follows: "Close your eyes and think of the past."

NATION SAFE, SAYS CARNEGIE

Ironmaster Sails for Summer Home in Scotland—Highly Compliments President Taft.

New York.—Before sailing for his summer home in Scotland, Andrew Carnegie had a few words to say about the tariff question.

"In my opinion greater progress has been made by the latest tariff revision toward the perfect tariff than ever before," he observed. "I can only express my opinion by quoting something I read on a postal card lately: Let the scowlers scowl, let the howlers howl, and the politicians go. The country's all right and I know it."

Mr. Carnegie highly complimented President Taft, saying that he was a model president.

Kentucky Banker's Body in River. Henderson, Ky.—The body of S. K. Sneed, former president of the National Bankers' association, was found Wednesday in shallow water in the river here. He had been missing since Sunday and is believed to have committed suicide.

Kills Girl and Himself. Fishbe, Ariz.—Harvey Hughes, twenty-two year old, member of a prominent family, Wednesday shot and killed Marguerite Matheson, chorus girl, and then committed suicide.

Rail Wages Up \$100,000,000. New York.—Advances in railway wages already made or to be made before the end of the year are estimated at \$100,000,000 for the entire country. This is the figure given out Tuesday by W. C. Brown, president of the New York Central.

Spain Is Shaken by Quake. Madrid.—Violent earthquake shocks were felt Tuesday in the provinces of Olivenza and Badajoz, near the Portuguese frontier. No damage was reported.

Draw Checks for Millions. New York.—James A. Patten, William P. Browne, B. G. Scales and Frank B. Hayne, who it is claimed secured options on May cotton to the extent of 350,000 bales, thereby obtaining practical control of the market, drew checks Monday for \$15,000,000 in payment for 200,000 bales tendered them on Friday last by a strong bear clique.

Notwithstanding that, Patten and his associates now own practically all the stock of verified cotton in New York the market was not disturbed.

PERISH IN QUAKES

FIVE HUNDRED PEOPLE KILLED AT CARTAGO, COSTA RICA.

LIKE NUMBER ARE INJURED

Details Lacking Owing to Severance of Telegraphic Communication—Martial Law Proclaimed—Many Homeless.

Managua, Nicaragua. Cartago, the picturesque and ancient capital of Costa Rica, was destroyed by an earthquake Wednesday night.

Five hundred persons are dead and fully as many are wounded. Half the houses in the city have been destroyed. Hundreds of men, women and children are homeless.

The first news of the calamity reached here in dispatches from San Jose, which is 13 miles northwest of the stricken city.

Martial law has been proclaimed and the soldiers and police are having the greatest difficulty in maintaining order.

Thieves and murderers who escaped from the prison are plundering the houses, hence the terror.

Although other parts of Costa Rica have escaped unchanged, the greatest excitement is said to prevail throughout the republic. Hundreds of refugees have reached San Jose by the trainway line which connects the two cities, while scores of families are camped on the hilltops overlooking the ruins of the ancient city.

Thousands are journeying from San Jose to render assistance to the dying and the wounded. Food supplies and clothing were sent and all available surgeons and nurses in San Jose are doing all in their power to relieve their suffering.

It is understood the president of Costa Rica will issue a proclamation calling upon the people of Costa Rica and the sister republics of Central America to contribute to the wants of the sufferers of the earthquake.

Dispatches from San Jose report that the Spanish minister to Costa Rica has asked the Madrid government to authorize him to give financial assistance to the survivors and refugees.

Two hours after the first shock was felt in Cartago an immense meteor passed over the Porto Rican-Nicaraguan frontier, leaving a luminous track for about ten seconds. This spectacular phenomenon caused great fear among residents of the rural districts.

Reports have been received from various cities in the five Central American republics that earthquake shocks were felt at about the same hour. Cartago was destroyed. At Greytown, Nicaragua, the shock lasted for more than ten seconds, and was rather severe, although no damage is reported. Several towns along the San Juan river reported that windows were broken by the shocks.

It is impossible with the advice at hand to attempt to give any estimate of the damage to property, but it is known that the loss will run far into the millions.

Offers are now being made to restore telegraph communication with the stricken city, and until this is done more complete details of the earthquake cannot be obtained.

Railroad communication between Cartago and Port Limon and San Jose has been cut off and the people are so terror-stricken that it is a great task to organize relief expeditions. However, this work is going forward as rapidly as possible. People who lived some miles from Cartago have arrived at San Jose and report the quake to have been one of terrible intensity.

Among the scores of buildings destroyed in the city is the beautiful Palace of Justice, donated by Andrew Carnegie at a cost of \$250,000 in 1908 and which was regarded as the seat of the Central American peace court.

The city of San Juan was also severely shaken by the disturbance, but so far as known no person was killed. A number of buildings were damaged. Reports from towns in Nicaragua along the Costa Rican border indicate the quake was also felt there. There is much suffering throughout the stricken zone.

Cartago has an estimated population of 10,000 and has frequently suffered from earthquakes.

It is situated at the foot of Mount Irazu, a volcano 11,500 feet high, and which has been extremely active for many years. In 1854 an eruption from it entirely destroyed the city at its base.

On April 13 last a series of earthquakes, varying in intensity, swept over Costa Rica, doing considerable material damage, but practically without loss of life. San Jose suffered most severely, while both Cartago and Port Limon felt the force of the disturbances.

Chief Causes Man's Death. Wabash, Ind.—Girl and the shock of his arrest are believed to have brought on the death of Dorman Moeher, sixty-five years old, found dead Thursday. He had been arrested for murdering his daughter's child. She pleaded guilty and was sent to prison and he was released.

Chief of Police Slain. Pontiac, Ill.—Amos Brown, chief of police of Fairbury, southeast of this city, was Thursday evening shot and killed by an unknown assassin.

Drugs Wife Killed by Son. Wabash, Cal.—Abner Brown, thirteen years old, Thursday shot and killed his father, W. H. Brown, who had been drinking. The father attacked his wife, dragging her around a room by the hair, when the boy killed him with a shotgun.

300,000 Homeless in Fire. Kobe, Japan.—Reports from Aomori, northern Japan, partially destroyed by fire, say 8,000 houses and all public buildings were burned. Thirty thousand persons are homeless.

Bandits Hold Town at Day. Newell, W. Va.—Highwaymen entered the office of the North American Manufacturing company Thursday blew open a safe with dynamite and held up the entire community, which had been summoned by the constabulary.

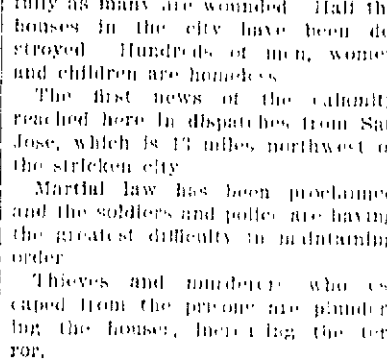
Bread Strike May Expand. New York.—Bread was plentiful Thursday, but the strike of the bakers in the big shops seriously affected the supply. Pastry was scarcer than bread. French bakers threaten to strike.

ROMAN SINGLES OUT GALS FOR GENTLE TREATMENT

Delicately formed and gently reared, women will find, in all the seasons of their lives, as maidens, wives or mothers, that the one simple, wholesome remedy which acts gently and pleasantly and naturally, and which may be used with truly beneficial effects, under any conditions, when the system needs a laxative, is—Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna. It is well known to be a simple combination of the laxative and carminative principles of plants with pleasant aromatic liquids, which are agreeable and refreshing to the taste and acceptable to the system when its gentle cleansing is desired.

Only those who buy the genuine Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna can hope to get its beneficial effects, and as a guarantee of the excellence of the remedy, the full name of the company—California Fig Syrup Co.—is printed on the front of every package, and without it any preparation offered as Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna is fraudulent and should be declined. To those who know the quality of this excellent laxative, the offer of any substitute, when Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna is called for, is always resented by a transfer of patronage to some first-class drug establishment, where they do not recommend, nor sell false brands, nor imitation remedies. The genuine article may be bought of all reliable druggists everywhere, one size only. Regular price 50 cents per bottle. Get a bottle today to have in the house when needed.

VERY MANY.



"Oh! you're not so young!" "I guess I am; I'm one of 'triphles'."

From Pain to Pleasure a Quick Transition.

I suggested him and gave a neighbor one of your sample boxes for a child of a few months whose lower limbs were broken out with a rash resembling Eczema. The sample was applied at once and changed the wall of pain into smiles. Two jars were used with complete recovery in the surprisingly short time of two days. That third mother's looks and words of gratitude were from the heart.

Geo. L. Ames, D. D. S., Boulder, Colo.

Explaining the Soul. The following dialogue took place between two very small boys on their way home from Sunday school:

Willie—Where is my soul? Robby—It isn't any place; it's just air.

Willie—How can it go to heaven when it's just air? Robby—Why, your body goes, too.

Willie—Homes and all? Robby—Yes, everything but your clothes.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional treatment. Deafness is caused by inflammation of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this is inflamed you have a running ear, or the ear itches, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation has been taken out and the tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. None can out of an ear, and no medicine can be put in, but an internal condition of the mucous surface of the tube must be removed. The only way to do this is by Dr. J. C. Smith's Ears, Nose and Throat Remedy, which is a powerful, yet gentle, and safe remedy, and is the only one that can be used in all cases of deafness.

His Last. Post's Wife—My husband read this poem at a public celebration before thousands of people. Alas! It was the last poem he ever wrote.

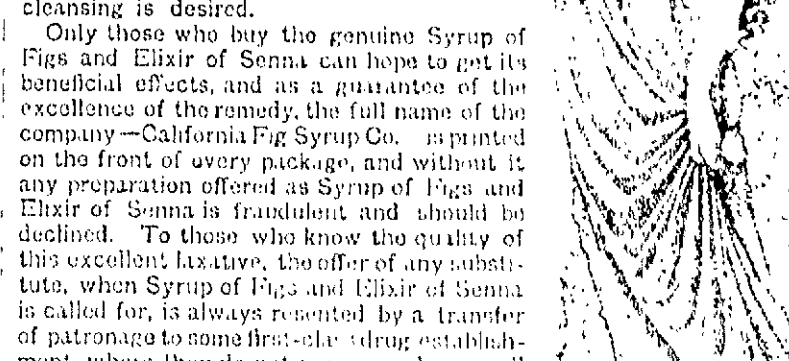
Publisher—[see, Did they lynch him or shoot him?—Lendly's Weekly.

A Sad Case. "Do you prefer your ears punched or scambled?" "I can't remember."

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WESTERN CANADA

What Governor Deneen, of Illinois, Says About It.

125 Million Bushels of Wheat in 1909.

Wheat in Canada. (Half crops for 1909 will be about 125 million bushels, or 125 million bushels of wheat for 1909.)

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THE CIRCULAR STAIRCASE

By MARY ROBERTS PINEHART
ILLUSTRATIONS BY ROY WILKIE
Copyright 1915 by MARY ROBERTS PINEHART

SYNOPSIS.
After three chapters of the story of the circular staircase, the author has reached the point where the story is at its most interesting. The story is a tale of love and adventure, and the author has done her best to make it as interesting as possible. The story is a tale of love and adventure, and the author has done her best to make it as interesting as possible.

CHAPTER XXI—Continued.
"Grossmother," he said, "I saw Mr. Jamieson yesterday. He was very young, man, you don't seem to know much about him."

"I've tried it all this week," Mr. Tate broke in. "The boys know a word or two of German, but he doesn't know where he lived, or anything about himself."

Mr. Jamieson wrote something on a card and gave it to her. "Mrs. Tate," he said, "I want you to do something. Here is some money for the telephone call. The instant the boy's mother appears here, call up that number and ask for the person whose name is there. You can run across to the drug store on your errand and do it quickly. Just say, 'The lady has come.'"

"The lady has come," repeated Mrs. Tate. "Very well, sir, and I hope it will be soon. The milk bill alone is almost double what it was."

"How much is the child's board?" I asked.

"Three dollars a week, including his washing."

"Very well," I said. "Now, Mrs. Tate, I am going to pay last week's board and a week in advance. If the mother comes she is to know nothing of this visit—absolutely not a word, and in return for your silence, you may use this money for something for your own children."

Her tired, faded face lighted up, and I saw her glance at the little Tate's small feet. Shoes, I divined—the feet of the gentlest poor being almost as expensive as their stomachs.

As we went back Mr. Jamieson made only one remark; I think he was laboring under the weight of a great disappointment.

"Is King's children's outfitting place," he asked, "not especially a department store?"

He was silent after that, but he went to the telephone as soon as we got home, and called up King & Co. in the city.

After a time he got the general manager, and they talked for some time. When Mr. Jamieson hung up the receiver he turned to me.

"The plot thickens," he said with his ready smile. "There are four women named Wallace at King's, none of them married, and none over 20. I think I shall go up to the city tonight. I want to go to the Children's hospital. But before I go, Miss Innes, I wish you would be more frank with me than you have been yet. I want you to show me the revolver you picked up in the tulip bed."

"So he had known all along!"

"It was a revolver, Mr. Jamieson," I admitted, cornered at last, "but I cannot show it to you. It is not in my possession."

CHAPTER XXII.
A Ladder Out of Place.

At dinner Mr. Jamieson suggested sending a man out in his place for a couple of days, but Haley was certain there would be nothing more, and felt that he and Alex could manage the situation. The detective went back to town early in the evening, and by nine o'clock Haley, who had been playing golf, came home with a man who was sleeping soundly on the big leather davenport in the living room.

I sat and knitted, pretending not to notice when Gertrude got up and wandered out into the starlight. As soon as I was satisfied that she had gone, however, I went out cautiously. I had no intention of eaves-dropping, but I wanted to be certain that it was Jack Bailey she was meeting. The many things had occurred in which Gertrude was, or appeared to be, involved, to allow anything to be left in question.

I went slowly across the lawn, skirted the hedge to a break not far from the lodge, and found myself on the open road. Perhaps 100 feet to the left the path led across the valley to the Country Club, and only a little way off was the foot-bridge over the anacora creek. But just as I was about to turn down the path I heard steps coming toward me. I could have sworn it was Gertrude, young back quickly toward the house.

I was surprised. I waited until she had had time to get almost to the house before I started. And then I stepped back again into the shadows. The reason why Gertrude had not kept her tryst was evident. Learning on the parapet of the bridge in the moonlight, and smoking a pipe, was Alex, the gardener.

"I could have throttled him for his carelessness," he could have said. And I could cheerfully have choked Alex to death for his audacity.

But there was no help for it: I turned and followed Gertrude slowly back to the house. The frequent intrusions of the house had effectively prevented any relaxation after dark. We had rebounded our vigilance as to bolts and window-locks, but as Mr. Jamieson had suggested, we allowed the door at the east entry to remain as before, locked by the Yale lock only. To provide only one possible entrance for the intruder, and to keep a constant guard in the dark at the foot of the circular staircase, seemed to be the only method.

In the absence of the detective, Alex and Haley arranged to change off, Haley to be on duty from ten to six, and Alex from two until six. Early in the morning, as an additional precaution, the one of duty slept in a room near the head of the circular staircase and kept his door open, to be ready for emergency.

I turned to Mary. "This is due to your carelessness," I said. "If we had all been murdered in our beds it would have been your fault." She shivered. "Now, not a word of this through the house, and send Alex to me."

The effect on Alex was to make him propitiously with regard to the other. As I look back, so many things are plain to me that I wonder I could not see at the time. It is all known now, and yet the whole thing was so remarkable that perhaps my stupidity was excusable.

Alex leaned down the chute and examined the ladder carefully. "It is caught," he said with a grim smile. "The fools, to have left a warning like that! The only trouble is, Miss Innes, they won't be apt to come back for a while."

"You are two big babies," she said soothingly. "Neither one of you could get along for an hour without the other. So stop quarreling and be good. Liddy, so right up and lay out my night things. She is going to bed early."

After Liddy had gone I began to think about the men at the stable, and I grew more and more anxious. Haley was aimlessly knocking the billiard balls around in the billiard room, and I called to him.

"Haley," I said when he sauntered in, "Is there a policeman in Casanova?"

"Constantly," he said laconically. "Veteran of the war, one of the best in the force, in office to conciliate the G. A. R. element. Why?"

"Because I am uneasy tonight," I said. "I told him what Liddy had said, and he thought you could think of any way to get on to watch the outside of the house tonight?"

"We might get Sam Bohannon from the club," he said thoughtfully. "It wouldn't be a bad scheme. He's a smart darky, and with his mouth shut and his shirt-front covered, you couldn't see him a yard off in the dark."

Haley conferred with Alex, and the result, in an hour, was Sam. His instructions were simple. There had been numerous attempts to break into the house; it was the intention, not to drive intruders away, but to capture them. If Sam saw anything suspicious outside, he was to tap at the east entry, where Alex and Haley were to alternate in keeping watch through the night.

As before, Haley watched the east entry from ten until two. He had an eye to comfort, and he kept vigil in a heavy oak chair, very large and deep. We went upstairs rather early, and through the open door Gertrude and I kept up a running fire of conversation. Liddy was brushing my hair, and Gertrude was doing her own, with a long tree sweep of her strong, round arms.

"Did you know Mrs. Armstrong and Louise are in the village?" she called at Liddy. "No," I replied, startled. "How did you hear it?"

"I met the oldest Stewart girl today," the doctor's daughter, and she told me they had not gone back to town after the funeral. They went directly to that little yellow house next to Dr. Walker's, and are apparently settled there. They took the house furnished for the summer."

"Why, it's a handbox," I said. "I can't imagine Fanny Armstrong in such a place."

"It's true, nevertheless. Ella Stewart says Mrs. Armstrong has aged tremendously, and looks as if she is hardly able to walk."

I lay and thought over some of these things until midnight. The electric lights went out then, fading slowly until there was only a red-hot loop to be seen in the bulbs, and then even that died away and we were embarked on the darkness of another night.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

CHAPTER XXIII.
While the Stables Burned.

About nine o'clock that night Liddy came into the living room and reported that one of the housemaids declared that she had seen two men slip around the corner of the stable. Gertrude had been sitting staring in front of her, jumping at every sound. Now she turned on Liddy pettishly.

"I declare, Liddy," she said, "you are a bundle of nerves. What if Eliza did see some men around the stable? It may have been Warner and Alex."

"Warner is in the kitchen, miss," Mary Anne was embarrassed. She had rolled down her sleeves and tied a white apron around her waist, and she stood making fobs in it with fingers that were red and shiny from her soap.

"Well, Mary," I said encouragingly, "what's the matter? Don't dare to tell me the soap is out?"

"No, ma'am, Miss Innes." She had a nervous habit of looking first at my one eye and then at the other, her own eyes shifting ceaselessly, right eye, left eye, right eye, until I found myself doing the same thing. "No, ma'am, I was asking if you want the ladder left up the clothes chute?"

"The what?" I screamed. Seeing her suspicious, I started. Mary Anne had come white, and stood with her eyes shifting more wildly than ever.

"There's a ladder up the clothes chute, Miss Innes," she said. "It's up that tight I can't move it, and I didn't like to ask for help until I spoke to you."

It was useless to dissemble. Mary Anne knew now as well as I did that the ladder had no business to be there. I did the best I could, however. I put her on the defensive at once.

"When you didn't lock the laundry last night?"

"I locked it tight, and put the key in the kitchen on its nail."

"Very well, then you forgot a window."

Mary Anne hesitated.

"Yes'm," she said at last. "I thought I locked them all, but there was one open this morning."

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These arrangements were carefully kept from the servants, who were only commencing to sleep at night, and who retired, one and all, with hurried doors and lamps that burned full until morning.

The house was quiet again Wednesday night. It was almost a week since Louise had encountered some one on the stairs, and it was four days since the discovery of the hole in the trunk-room wall. Arnold Armstrong and his father rested side by side in the Casanova churchyard, and at the Zion African church, on the hill, a new mound marked the last resting-place of poor Thomas.

Louise was with her mother in town, and beyond a polite note of thanks to me, we had heard nothing from her. Dr. Walker had taken up his practice again, and we saw him now and then flying along the road, always at top speed.

The murder of Arnold Armstrong was still unavenged, and I remained firm in the position I had taken—to stay at Sunnyside until the thing was at least partly cleared.

And yet, for all its quiet, it was on Wednesday night that perhaps the boldest attempt was made to enter the house. On Thursday afternoon the landress sent word she would like to speak to me, and I saw her in my private sitting room, a small room beyond the dressing room.

Mary Anne was embarrassed. She had rolled down her sleeves and tied a white apron around her waist, and she stood making fobs in it with fingers that were red and shiny from her soap.

"Well, Mary," I said encouragingly, "what's the matter? Don't dare to tell me the soap is out?"

"No, ma'am, Miss Innes." She had a nervous habit of looking first at my one eye and then at the other, her own eyes shifting ceaselessly, right eye, left eye, right eye, until I found myself doing the same thing. "No, ma'am, I was asking if you want the ladder left up the clothes chute?"

"The what?" I screamed. Seeing her suspicious, I started. Mary Anne had come white, and stood with her eyes shifting more wildly than ever.

"There's a ladder up the clothes chute, Miss Innes," she said. "It's up that tight I can't move it, and I didn't like to ask for help until I spoke to you."

It was useless to dissemble. Mary Anne knew now as well as I did that the ladder had no business to be there. I did the best I could, however. I put her on the defensive at once.

"When you didn't lock the laundry last night?"

"I locked it tight, and put the key in the kitchen on its nail."

"Very well, then you forgot a window."

Mary Anne hesitated.

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Liddy said with dignity. "And if you had come tonight what I have, you would be a bundle of nerves, too. Miss Innes, I'd be thankful if you'd give me my month's wages to-morrow. I'll be going to my sister's."

"Very well," I said, to her evident amazement. "I will make out the check. Warner can take you down to the noon train."

Liddy's face was really funny. "You'll have a nice time at your sister's," I went on. "Five children, hasn't she?"

"That's it," Liddy said, suddenly bursting into tears. "Send me away, after all these years, and your new school only half done, and nobody knows how to fix the water for your bath!"

"It's time I learned to prepare my own bath," I was knitting complacently. But Gertrude got up and put her arms around Liddy's shaking shoulders.

"You are two big babies," she said soothingly. "Neither one of you could get along for an hour without the other. So stop quarreling and be good. Liddy, so right up and lay out my night things. She is going to bed early."

After Liddy had gone I began to think about the men at the stable, and I grew more and more anxious. Haley was aimlessly knocking the billiard balls around in the billiard room, and I called to him.

"Haley," I said when he sauntered in, "Is there a policeman in Casanova?"

"Constantly," he said laconically. "Veteran of the war, one of the best in the force, in office to conciliate the G. A. R. element. Why?"

"Because I am uneasy tonight," I said. "I told him what Liddy had said, and he thought you could think of any way to get on to watch the outside of the house tonight?"

"We might get Sam Bohannon from the club," he said thoughtfully. "It wouldn't be a bad scheme. He's a smart darky, and with his mouth shut and his shirt-front covered, you couldn't see him a yard off in the dark."

Haley conferred with Alex, and the result, in an hour, was Sam. His instructions were simple. There had been numerous attempts to break into the house; it was the intention, not to drive intruders away, but to capture them. If Sam saw anything suspicious outside, he was to tap at the east entry, where Alex and Haley were to alternate in keeping watch through the night.

As before, Haley watched the east entry from ten until two. He had an eye to comfort, and he kept vigil in a heavy oak chair, very large and deep. We went upstairs rather early, and through the open door Gertrude and I kept up a running fire of conversation. Liddy was brushing my hair, and Gertrude was doing her own, with a long tree sweep of her strong, round arms.

"Did you know Mrs. Armstrong and Louise are in the village?" she called at Liddy. "No," I replied, startled. "How did you hear it?"

"I met the oldest Stewart girl today," the doctor's daughter, and she told me they had not gone back to town after the funeral. They went directly to that little yellow house next to Dr. Walker's, and are apparently settled there. They took the house furnished for the summer."

"Why, it's a handbox," I said. "I can't imagine Fanny Armstrong in such a place."

"It's true, nevertheless. Ella Stewart says Mrs. Armstrong has aged tremendously, and looks as if she is hardly able to walk."

I lay and thought over some of these things until midnight. The electric lights went out then, fading slowly until there was only a red-hot loop to be seen in the bulbs, and then even that died away and we were embarked on the darkness of another night.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

CHAPTER XXIII.
While the Stables Burned.

About nine o'clock that night Liddy came into the living room and reported that one of the housemaids declared that she had seen two men slip around the corner of the stable. Gertrude had been sitting staring in front of her, jumping at every sound. Now she turned on Liddy pettishly.

"I declare, Liddy," she said, "you are a bundle of nerves. What if Eliza did see some men around the stable? It may have been Warner and Alex."

"Warner is in the kitchen, miss," Mary Anne was embarrassed. She had rolled down her sleeves and tied a white apron around her waist, and she stood making fobs in it with fingers that were red and shiny from her soap.

"Well, Mary," I said encouragingly, "what's the matter? Don't dare to tell me the soap is out?"

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TAXON TROLLEY ROADS DIVIDED

State Tax Commission Appropriates the Money.

THE TOTAL IS HALF MILLION

State of Wisconsin Receives \$67,338.86 and the Towns, Villages and Cities Get \$381,586.47—Ahead of Last Year.

Madison.—The Wisconsin state tax commission announced the distribution of taxes for 1915 on all street railway property and on light, heat and power companies operated in connection with among the towns, villages and cities in which such property is located. The state receives 15 per cent. of the total amount of taxes levied on this class of property, and the towns, villages and cities concerned get the remaining 85 per cent.

The total amount of these taxes this year is \$448,925.33, of which the state receives \$67,338.86 and the towns, villages and cities \$381,586.47. The assessment of this class of property for the present year was considerably increased recently by the state tax commission, which boosted the total taxes to be paid about \$25,000. Following are the taxes paid by each company:

Ashland and Milwaukee Electric Railway and Light Company, \$1,519.19; Bay Shore Street Railway Company, \$225.06; Duluth Street Railway Company, \$2,025.58; Chippewa Valley Railway, Light and Power Company, \$3,565.22; Eastern Wisconsin Railway and Light Company, \$7,877.25; Green Bay Traction Company, \$7,933.53; Janesville Street Railway Company, \$1,163.37; Kenosha Electric Railway Company, \$2,250.45; La Crosse and Onalaska Street Railway Company, \$225.06; La Crosse City Railway Company, \$1,776.19; Manitowish Traction Company, \$1,006.51; Menominee and Marinette Light and Traction Company, \$2,588.24; Merrill Railway and Lighting Company, \$1,237.87; Milwaukee and Fox River Valley Railway Company, \$659.19; Milwaukee Electric Railway and Light Company, \$281,637.73; Milwaukee Light, Heat and Traction Company, \$70,835.38; Milwaukee Northern Railway Company, \$15,567.84; Rockford and Interurban Railway Company, \$3,373.97; Sheboygan Light, Power and Railway Company, \$7,761.73; Southern Wisconsin Railway Company, \$8,644.27; Twin City General Electric Company, \$5,044.40; Waupun Electric Company, \$5,044.40; Wisconsin Street Railway Company, \$9,677.73; Wausau Street Railway Company, \$1,501.29; Wisconsin Electric Railway Company, \$7,311.61; Wisconsin Traction, Light, Heat and Power Company, \$11,703.37.

The total thus distributed is \$448,925.33.

Supplies Pickered Fry.
The recent planting in Lake Mendota at Madison of some 25,000 pickered fry from the state hatchery at Waubesa, near Tomahawk lake in Oneida county, has called attention to the work done at that place. Eight years ago there was not a pickered fry to be found in this lake, and at that time the commission planted two cans of pickered fry there. Since then thousands of pickered fry have been caught in Tomahawk lake every season, ranging in size up to sixteen pounds. At present the commission secures its entire supply of pickered fry for planting all over the state from this lake.

Another remarkable feature of the hatchery at Waubesa is that when it was first established all the walleyed pike found in Tomahawk lake were large females, weighing from eight to sixteen pounds. It was therefore necessary to import males from Carrol lake. This species of fish is now becoming abundant in Tomahawk lake, in consequence of the state's work.

Will Levy Direct Tax.
Trust companies are to pay a direct tax in Wisconsin this year, instead of being licensed as heretofore.

Tax Commissioner F. B. Schultz has sent notice to the four trust companies doing business in Milwaukee to appear the tax assessors of their assessable property. Assessment is to be made the same as with banks. In addition trust companies must furnish the assessors with a correct list of all stockholders.

Chance For Badgers.
The state civil service commission has been asked to hold examinations for the New York civil service commission in this state, which is seeking an assistant examiner in the insurance department. M. J. Fry, who has been employed in the Wisconsin department, will be one of the four to take the examination in this state.

New Corporations.
Articles of incorporation were filed in the office of Secretary of State Frear as follows:

Marquette Hardware Company, Marquette, capital, \$10,000; Incorporated, M. E. Pollard, Robert Cork, B. A. Miller.

Big Falls Creamery Company, Big Falls, capital, \$1,500; Incorporated, A. Weismann, W. Polzine, Pat Killen, John Solom, O. H. Tetzel.

Hillside Store Company, Cambridge, capital, \$3,500; Incorporated, L. O. Lien, John Nettum, A. C. Nasel.

Silver Lake Farm Company, Superior, capital, \$50,000; Incorporated, P. S. Elwell, J. P. Eaton, A. K. H. Roehl.

The Rider-Wallis Dry Goods Company, an Iowa corporation with \$100,000 capital and no interest in Wisconsin, filed a statement to do business in the state.

The Plumbers Woodwork company of Algona filed an amendment increasing its capital stock from \$20,000 to \$65,000.

New Star Athletic club, Milwaukee; capital, \$1,000; Incorporated, F. R. Trotter, G. G. Gehrz, E. J. Gehrz.

Sparta Progressive Publishing company, Sparta; capital, \$5,000; Incorporated, L. D. Merrill, F. A. Holden, J. M. Morrison, R. E. Nicol, J. H. Johnson.

The Minnesota-Wisconsin Land company, a Minnesota corporation with \$5,000 capital and \$5,000 interest in Wisconsin, filed a statement to do business in the state.

The Everest-Brabant company of Milwaukee filed an amendment increasing its capital stock from \$5,000 to \$15,000 and changing its name to Everest-Brabant company.

Country Papers Aid Rural Progress.
"I believe one of the greatest factors in the improvement of country life will be the country newspapers," said Clarence H. Poe, editor of the Progressive Farmer, Raleigh, N. C., in a recent address before the Agricultural Club of the College of Agriculture of the University of Wisconsin.

Discussing the influence of the graduates of an agricultural college in his community, and outlining the field of agricultural journalism, Mr. Poe pointed out the great need of farmers who would write regularly for their local papers, or perhaps become editors of local papers interested in rural improvement.

"There is no method of reaching the farmer that is quite so effective as through his local newspaper," declared Mr. Poe. "Many of these have not been awakened to the possibilities of live agricultural columns."

Mr. Poe believes that the successful farmer of the future will be the leader in his community affairs, and must add his fellow farmers by writing. While the general agricultural paper has a place and a mission, he said, the local newspaper has a great advantage, due to its strong hold upon the farmer's interest.

Extend Employment Service.
A new departure in employment agencies has been instituted by Commissioner J. D. Beck of the state bureau of labor and industrial statistics of Wisconsin. It would be more accurate to say, perhaps, that the bureau has undertaken to establish it, as it is in the experimental stage.

The new plan, Mr. Beck explained, is to make one of the county offices a free employment agency for farm, help, male and female, and a free rating agency. The county is to be the center of labor and to be a better to the different county clerks of the state outlining the plan and asking them to give him their views upon the matter. It is believed that the county clerks will be prompt to undertake the work even though it involve a good deal of free service.

Makes Perfect Butter.
Practically perfect butter was exhibited by George P. Sawyer, Esq., at the April butter and cheese showing of the University of Wisconsin College of Agriculture.

Sawyer's product won a score of 98 out of a possible 100 against 77 other competitors, all of whom averaged 92.73. This exhibition completes the year. The new series is to begin on May 3.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL

L. Ward of Babcock was in the city Tuesday on business.

Miss Anna Wheeler is confined to her home this week with illness.

Atty. E. C. Pore of Marshfield was in the city on Tuesday to attend court.

Rev. M. B. Milne spent several days in Chicago last week on business.

Attorney F. S. Woodworth of Pittsville was in the city on Tuesday on business.

Mrs. R. A. McDonald was visiting at the home of her son Port, in Ladysmith the past week.

Miss Agnes Koonan of Dexterville was a guest of Miss Anna Reeves several days the past week.

Mrs. E. M. Platt and two daughters of Chicago are in the city the guests of Mrs. F. MacKinnon.

Mrs. Guy Datcher and two children of Chicago are in the city the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Sam Church.

Mrs. Nels Johnson and Earle Pasona sold their driving horses to Andrew Johnson of Milwaukee last week.

Mr. and Mrs. James Dulin expect to move to Milwaukee this week where they will make their future home.

M. A. Fleckenstein of Marshfield was in the city on Tuesday, having been called here as a witness before the circuit court.

The little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Hatch has been confined to her bed the past week with a light attack of scarlet fever.

J. P. Martin, who has been conducting a confectionary store at the rear of the Lyon block, has sold out his business to F. Bendle.

Will Sturek, who went to Milwaukee several weeks ago, has accepted a position in the machine shops of the St. Paul Ry.

Mrs. Geo. E. Howdison and Miss Ellen MacKinnon, who have spent the past winter in San Antonio, Texas, are expected home today.

Guy Thornton, who has been in the United States navy during the past four years, is home to visit his people in this city for a short time.

Henry Hahner hurt his right hand severely this morning by running a rusty nail almost thru it while working on the new Nash building. He will be unable to work for several days.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie McMillan left on Tuesday for Pine River, where they will visit Mrs. McMillan's father, who has reached the ripe old age of 95 years.

Guy Miller, who has been employed in the R. Connor Co.'s office at Marshfield for several years as bookkeeper, has accepted a similar position with the E. W. Ellis Lumber Co.

L. M. Nash has the foundation finished for his new store building and is now having the brick laid for the upper work. Concrete brick and blocks will enter into the construction of the building.

A cement walk is being laid in front of the Rossier property on Grand avenue, which will make a great improvement in the appearance of things there. Clark Lyons has also put down a new cement walk in front of his property.

Henry Charlter and son Arthur of Morrill stopped between trains yesterday to see his sister, Mrs. Louis Menzies. They left yesterday afternoon for Oloquet, Minn. Louis Charlter and daughter, Agnes, and Angela of Morrill were also guests at the Menzies home the fore part of the week. They will also make their home at Oloquet.

Mrs. Wm. Quinell returned home last week from Mammonia, where she had been called to attend the funeral of her brother, Harry Sprink, who was killed in an automobile wreck. With his wife, daughter and son-in-law, Mr. Sprink was driving down a hill at high speed when the sand at the foot of the hill turned the wheels, throwing the occupants out. Mrs. Sprink had an arm broken.

One of our citizens, who pays his share of the taxes without a protest, and even does other things for the city, humbly suggests that something be done toward abating the nuisance that now exists where Johnson & Hill are erecting their new building. There is no sidewalk there that can be used and as a cement walk is in course of construction across the street, pedestrians are compelled to take to the mud. A temporary walk a few boards wide might do the business.

Sale of State Lands.

Wisconsin in July will offer at public sale 111,000 acres of timber, grazing and agricultural land in fourteen counties in the northern part of the state which is expected to bring about its appraised value of \$400,000.

Some of this land is considered excellent for grazing and tillage purposes, and most of it, being virgin soil, is expected to produce large crops of grasses and grains. This land is appraised at from \$1 to \$25 an acre, but will average about \$4 an acre.

The largest acreage of these lands lies in Price county, 21,000 acres; Burnett county, 20,000 acres, and Sawyer county, 14,000. Large tracts lie in other counties near these three.

State Treasurer A. H. Dahl, one of the state land commissioners, will share the sales at Grantsburg, Burnett county, on July 5, and continue them in the several counties as rapidly as possible. He expects that the work will take all of July.

None of the land will be sold below its appraised value which in most cases is considered exceedingly reasonable. The lands that remain unsold will be added to the state land reserve. It is expected that these sales will practically clean up all unsold lands which the state desires to dispose of.

A Way to Success.
You will succeed in life if you resist doing things you know you shouldn't do.—Atchison, Globe.

CRANMOOR

Mrs. A. E. Bennett is at home again after several days absence at your city last week.

Mrs. Thos. Landers of Morrill has been a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Rezin the past week.

During the time Mr. Rezin accompanied her to Warrens for a little visit with the Richard Rezin and S. visit with the Richard Rezin and S. visit with the Richard Rezin and S.

Warner families whom they found in good health.

Gratifying reports of Mrs. Oscar Potter's condition are received and will be good news to her many friends.

Mrs. Robert Rezin with her sons William and Robert and daughter Ruth were among the number confirmed in the Episcopal church in your city last Thursday evening.

Mrs. H. E. Whittlesey came down Saturday noon, returning to Port Edwards Sunday morning with her daughter Virginia who had been spending the week at the W. H. Fitch home.

Miss Minnie Brehm, who returned to the Oscar Potter home last week, was summoned to Sigel Monday by the death of a little nephew.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Jaspersen of Port Edwards spent Sunday with the home folks.

Atty. E. J. Fitch and wife of Nekoma accompanied J. W. Fitch and Mrs. C. E. Fitch in the latter's auto on a trip to Tomah Sunday. The day was fine, roads heavy, especially from Mather on.

T. J. Foley was a business visitor at Grand Rapids Monday.

Will you give us the correct (Indian) pronunciation of Adawagum? If the name of your city—our city too—is to be changed, we hope you will call it Granddalla, a name so far unknown, thus avoiding all confusion of traffic and postal matters and bearing a resemblance and combining the former titles, it would mean much to some of us "old fossils."

SIGEL

On Wednesday morning, May 18, from the Lutheran church occurred the marriage of Carl Getzinger to Miss Pauline Bathke. A big wedding feast followed the marriage ceremony at the home of the bride's parents. A large bowery 30x50 had been erected where the young people enjoyed themselves dancing. Both of the contracting parties have many friends who wish them a happy wedded life. They will reside in a handsome new home in Grand Rapids which the groom built last summer.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Luebeck was baptized last Sunday.

Miss Laura Matthews, who has been employed at the Rapids for some time, is spending a couple of weeks at her home here.

Frank Root, who has been running the crosstree for Cook and Buchanan at Rudolph, has accepted a position as buttermaker for Geo. C. Mansfield's creamery at Milwaukee.

Mr. and Mrs. John Kaji entertained company at their home Sunday.

Mrs. Aug. Knuth is seriously ill at this writing.

Paul Kroll and wife, Clara Matthews, Ina Victor, and Willie Smith spent Sunday at the Rudolph skating rink.

Frank Newman Victor Krohman returned from Marshfield Wednesday. Geo. Schor of your city attended the funeral of Peter Kapitain.

Frank Root, who has been visiting at the P. H. Kroll and J. C. Matthews homes, departed for his home in Neillsville.

We all welcomed the rain very much that we had last Sunday night.

FOURTEEN MILE CREEK

Dolph Phelps of Chicago came up last Thursday to visit his aged father-in-law, Rev. Griffith, and while here made arrangements for him to go to Portland, Oregon, to live with his son, John Griffith.

The farmers were all glad to see the fine rain that visited these parts last week.

C. Ward, the census man, was in this burg taking census a couple of days last week.

Hugh Hurley of Friendship transacted business in this burg last Saturday.

Milo Brown, who is working near Grand Rapids for Mr. Minard, spent Sunday at his home here.

Walter Cain was a Grand Rapids shopper one day last week.

Charles Duck of Spring Lake is up here seeding down his farm, which was formerly owned by Tom Jero.

J. H. Jewell was a caller at the Marks home Sunday.

M. S. Winegarden expects to leave for Brantwood on Tuesday where he will make his home.

Confirmed a Large Class.

Bishop Veller of Fond du Lac was in the city on Thursday evening, May 12th, and confirmed a large class at St. John's Episcopal church. Special music had been prepared for the occasion and the church was filled to overflowing with members and others who wished to witness the services.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

The following marriage licenses were issued by County Clerk Eberhardt during the past week:

Henry Thomas to Minnie Christianson both of Nekoma.

Edw. Baldwin to Mabel Hinds both of Babcock.

Winifred C. Brown of Harvard, Ill., to Golda A. Fern Jones of Vesper.

John J. Heller of Milladore to Mary Dillinger of Amherst.

Stanislaw Pelot to Matilday Eladelak both of Sherry.

Carl Getzinger of Vesper to Pauline Bathke of Sigel.

Albert Flick to Philomena Taylor both of Rudolph.

John Krehenka to Josephine Arnold both of Nekoma.

Band Concert Tomorrow.

Owing to the bad weather Tuesday night the band concert was postponed until Thursday night. In the band stand on the east side.

KELLNER

On May 28th the First Moravian church of Kellner will be dedicated. The program will be published in detail next week.

John D. Yetter is doing some mason work near Biron.

The Jack Pine Lumber Co. and crew have gone to the Rapids to log for Mr. Thompson.

Miss Adella Peickard spent Sunday with Miss Hannah Duchrow.

Mrs. Munroe returned home after a weeks visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ely.

Mr. and Mrs. Ramsey visited with Mr. Henke and daughter last Saturday.

Mrs. Chas. Henke spent Monday with her brother, Charlie Stenke.

Mrs. Bradley of St. Paul and Mrs. Grainger of your city are visiting the Grainger family here.

Nick Rosenthal has rented part of the Johnson farm.

The Lutheran church was crowded to its utmost capacity last Sunday. The juvenile choir rendered special singing, it being Pentecost Sunday.

Carl Johnson, better known as "Uncle Carl," has sold his personal property and has moved his family to Milwaukee.

Walter Burmeister purchased the Johnson team last week.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Lutheran church will give an ice cream social at the school house, May 30th, Decoration day. Boys, this is a chance to treat your girls.

Robert Knuth and family of your city and John Hill and family of Sigel spent Sunday with the Herman Novak family.

Horse shoeing, soldering and all kinds of repairing done at Winger's, the blacksmith.

Miss Cora Johnson returned home from the Rapids after being employed at the Rowland home for several months.

Mrs. Wm. Arndt and son spent Sunday at the Louis Henke home.

Mr. and Mrs. Blood, Mr. and Mrs. Withers and Mrs. Johnson attended the fair in your city last Thursday.

Blory Lee and daughter Ethel and son Robert spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Ramsey last week.

ARPIN

John Arpin underwent an operation for appendicitis at the Grand Rapids hospital Thursday. The last report was that he was doing nicely.

George Brown and son Emmett of Pittsville called on friends here the first of the week.

A. J. Cowell was a Grand Rapids visitor Friday and Saturday.

Miss Emma Passer returned to her home Saturday evening after being employed at the C. Blunt home the past two weeks.

Will Whittingham, who attends the Pittsville high school, spent Saturday and Sunday with his parents.

Mrs. John Byrnes and mother, Mrs. John Smith, were at Grand Rapids Saturday to visit with the former's husband, who is at the hospital where he underwent an operation for appendicitis on Thursday.

ALTDORF

The town board met and let the jobs for grading the last 176 rods of the new road running west from Julius Kuntz's toward Pittsville, Earl Conklin and Aldrich Arnold taking the job. Now as soon as the town of Hanson opens up what little remains there will be an outlet to Pittsville for the settlers along Hemlock creek. This road will also open up a vast territory of good land for settlement. Next Monday the board will meet at Jos. Andrew's to let another road job running west from the Seneca road.

L. E. Stowe of Greenwood and son George of Unity were business visitors at O. J. Leu's Monday. While here they purchased two Holstein Friesian cows.

The character of the people of a town is shown by the kinds of roads in the town, and a man who will drive or walk over a lot of loose stones in the road every day and never throw one out is a very shiftless fellow. If everybody, animated by a sense of responsibility, realized the damage done to wagons, horses and people's feelings by bumping up against stones there wouldn't be a stone left in the road inside of twenty-four hours.

There will be a pie social at the school house Thursday evening, May 19. Every lady is supposed to bring a pie and every gentleman his pocket book with some of the coin of the realm in it. There will be a pie eating contest and many other amusements. Be sure to come because you can't afford to miss it and besides it is for the benefit of the school.

Aldrich Arnold intends to begin the erection of a barn this coming week.

"Some men wreck their health getting rich and then wreck their fortunes trying to regain their health."

A town man will make as much fuss over spading up a six by eight foot garden as a farmer does over plowing an 80 acre field.

VESPER

Mrs. J. P. Flanagan left for Dakota on Monday where she will join her husband who has a home-stand claim there.

Miss Golda Jones and Mr. Brown were quietly married on Sunday and left on Monday for Central, Illinois where they expect to make their home.

Miss Lena Milbrandt of Arpin visited friends and relatives here last Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bohmsch moved into their new home, corner Wisconsin Ave. and 129 Street, last week.

Mrs. Rowland of Grand Rapids visited her daughter, Mrs. E. P. Murgatroyd, on Monday.

R. and Earl Winebrenner of Arpin visited their sister, Mrs. M. Prentice, Sunday.

D. McVicar was a business visitor in Grand Rapids on Monday.

BIRTHS

A son to Mr. and Mrs. Emil Oestrich on Sunday.



WALL PAPER

We have just received a new lot of wall paper direct from the factories. The patterns are all the latest and the prices the lowest. We would be pleased to show you these patterns whether you buy or not.

Also Freskolin and Alabastine, the two best wall finishes on the market.

A complete line of VARNISH for any kind of work, PAINTS for all purposes, BRUSHES, OILS, LEAD and everything necessary for spring repair.

Johnson & Hill Co DRUG DEPARTMENT

HYGIENIC SHOES FOR WOMEN

Treadeasy shoes for women are made on scientifically hygienic principles. They have rubber heels that take all jar off the spine—not just a lift but a full heel made from new rubber—and cork cushion insoles, with an additional layer of cork and rubber between the insole and outsole making them practically damp-proof. Treadeasys are always \$3.50 the pair.

Sold by I. Zimmerman

CLOSING OUT BUGGIES!

You Can get a Bargain, at Cost

See our GARDEN HOSE with a Two Years' Guarantee. Now is the time for GASOLINE STOVES, we sell the Reliable and Detroit, we guarantee them to please. Let us demonstrate them for you.

See our line of REFRIGERATORS before you buy.

The only LAWN MOWERS with bronze boxes in the city selling from \$3.00 to \$3.75 and we guarantee them.

Call and See Our Offerings at
PURNELL'S



Out of the Woods

Came the logs for our Lumber. We are very particular about the grade of our

---LUMBER---

and nothing of inferior quality is ever permitted to enter our yard. If you are going to build or do any repairing be careful not to place your order until we have had a chance to give you an estimate. We are certain to give you satisfaction, both in quality and price.

...MARLING LUMBER COMPANY...

M. G. Gordon, Manager Phone 169

LOUIS REICHEL, Expert Optician

Glasses fitted by the latest methods and all defects of the eye corrected. If you have had trouble with your eyes

See REICHEL, the West Side Jeweler

REPAIRING!

I do anything in the line of repairing—Automobiles, Sewing Machines and Bicycles, Razors, Shears and Saws Sharpened. **All My Work Guaranteed.**

The Best CARPENTER TOOLS Can Always be Found Here.

A full line of Fine Cutlery, Guns and Revolvers always kept in stock.

D. M. HUNTINGTON

East Side

Near Library Building

THREE GREAT SPECIALS

SPECIAL IN HOSE

Large assortment Ladies' and Misses' hosiery and cotton hose in white, tan, pink, green, red, blue, black and fancy colors, 25c value, this week for **10c and 15c**

Black silk hose, pure silk thread, double foot for **\$1.25**

Blue, pink and white silk hose **\$1.00**

WE CARRY A FULL LINE OF ALL SIZES IN COTTON AND LISLE HOSE.



New Line of Swiss Flouncing

The most beautiful showing of Swiss flouncing we have ever had, the daintiest and most exclusive designs. Before deciding on your new summer frocks, come and look at these flouncings.

Swiss embroidery flouncing, 27 inches wide, very suitable for graduation or confirmation dresses per yard **50c**

INFANT'S WEAR

Infant's bands, all wool, sizes 1 to 6 **25c** only

Infant's vests in silk and wool, all wool, cotton and wool **25c** up all sizes

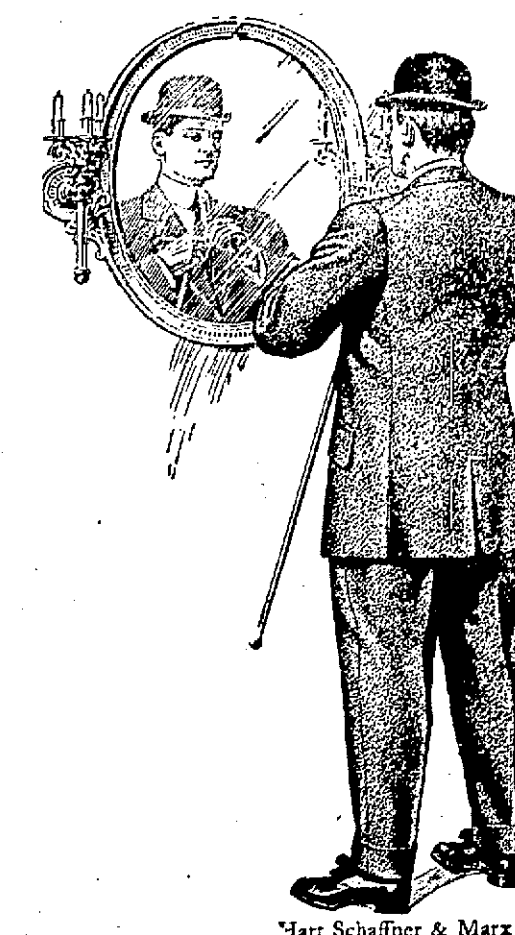
Red Cross stork sheeting 36 in. wide **\$1.00** per yard

Diaper cloth, guaranteed free from all impurities non-irritants, absorbent and durable 24 in. wide, 10 yards for **\$1.00 or 10c** per yd.



HEINEMAN MERCANTILE CO.

The Place to Get Suited?



Is the place that will keep you suited. Any person buying a suit here is suited.

Not by just buying the suit but by being perfectly satisfied. In the first place we take special care that no suit goes out of our store unless it fits. What better add can a merchant ask for than a perfectly satisfied customer.

We keep all suits bought at our store pressed, that means as long as you have the suit it will look like new. This is another great saving to you.

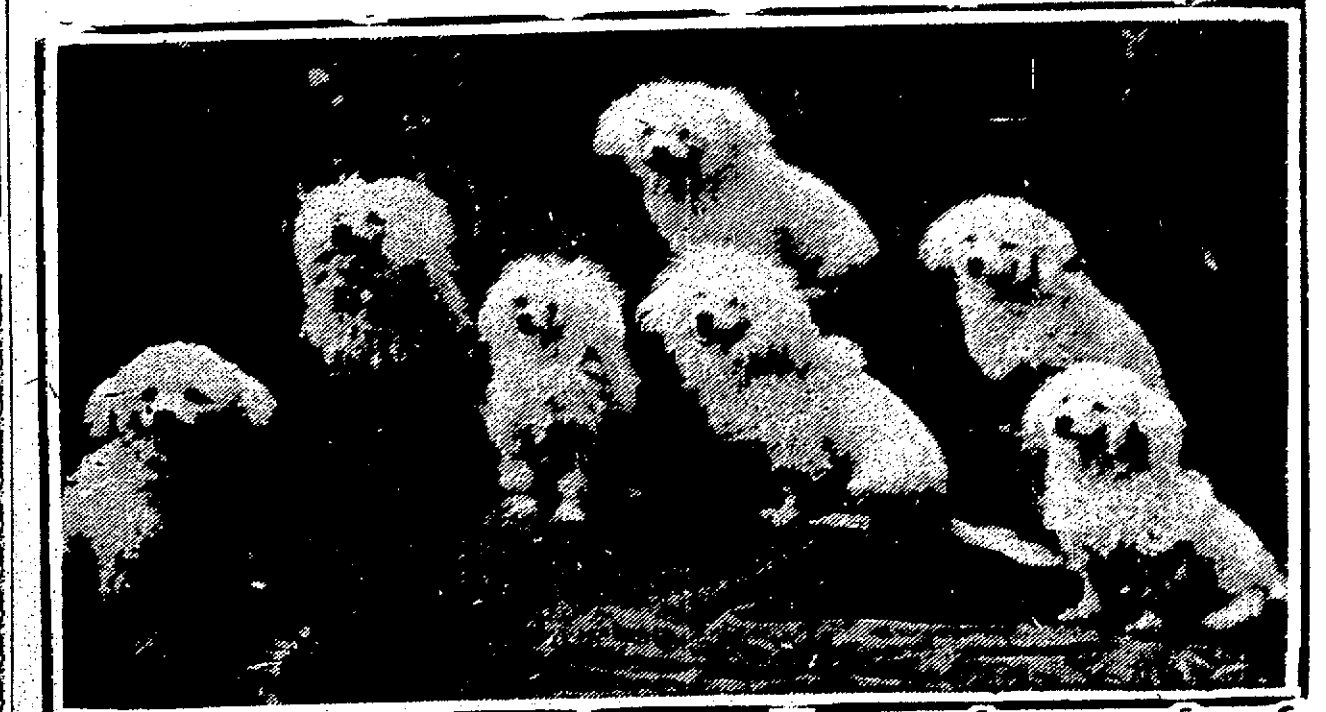
All told we are giving you better inducements and better prices than any other firm in Grand Rapids and vicinity.

Special clean up sale going on all the time.

Men's Suits from **\$5.50 up to \$25**
Young Men's Suits from **\$4.50 up to \$20**
Boys' Suits from **\$2.50 up to \$8.50**
Children's Wash Suits **50c up to \$2.00**

...JOHNSON & HILL CO...

Iola's Dog Circus and Vaudeville IDEAL THEATER ALL THIS WEEK



New Pictures and New Vaudeville Acts Each Night.

ADMISSION ONLY 10 CENTS